The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 1887.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XXI, NO 22
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. LI, NO 11

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. E. WALLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa
Office over 1st. National Bank.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's Building.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over Moyer Bros. Drug Store.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on First floor, front room of COLUMBIAN Building, Main street, below Exchange Hotel.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 2, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Browers' Building, 2nd floor.
may 1-tf

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN.
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
Pensions and Bounties Collected.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
(*DISTRICT ATTORNEY.*)
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office over Dentler's shoe store, Bloomsburg, Pa. [apr-30,86.

W. H. RHAWN.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

MICHAEL F. EYERLY,
Conveyancer, Collector of Claims.
—AND—
LEGAL ADVICE IN THE SETTLEMENT OF ESTATES, &c.
Office in Dentler's building with F. P. Billmeyer, attorney-at-law, front rooms, 2nd floor Bloomsburg, Pa. [apr-9-86.

W. E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Berwick, Pa.

DR. HONORA A. ROBBINS.
Office and residence, West First street, Bloomsburg, Pa. nov26 86 1y.

DR. J. R. MOORE.
EYE, EAR AND THROAT, A SPECIALTY.
PITTSTON, PA.
Will be at Exchange Hotel, in Bloomsburg, every two weeks, on Saturday, from 8:30 p. m. to 2 p.m. April 23, May 7 and 21. nov26 86 1y.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office Front room over Post Office.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Bloomsburg, Pa

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market Street.

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oct. 24, 1-

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	Assets
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn	$7,078,220
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,710
Phœnix, of London	5,266,370
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,976
Hartford of Hartford	3,273,050
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-

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Prices reduced to suit the times.

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The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.
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I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia and Constipation. I had no appetite, and was constantly afflicted with Headache and Dizziness. I consulted our family doctor, who prescribed for me, at various times, without affording more than temporary relief. I finally commenced taking Ayer's Pills. In a short time my digestion and appetite
IMPROVED
my bowels were regulated, and, by the time I finished two boxes of these Pills my tendency to headaches had disappeared, and I became strong and well.—Darius M. Logan, Wilmington, Del.
I was troubled, for over a year, with Loss of Appetite, and General Debility. I commenced taking Ayer's Pills, and, before finishing half a box of this medicine, my appetite and strength were restored.—C. O. Clark, Danbury, Conn.
Ayer's Pills are the best medicine known to me for regulating the bowels, and for all diseases caused by a disordered Stomach and Liver. I suffered for over three years with Headache, Indigestion, and Constipation. I had no appetite, and was weak and nervous most of the time.
BY USING
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Ayer's Pills have benefited me wonderfully. For months I suffered from Indigestion and Headache, was restless at night, and had a bad taste in my mouth every morning. After taking one box of Ayer's Pills, all these troubles disappeared, my food digested well, and my sleep was refreshing.—Henry C. Hemmenway, Rockport, Mass.
I was cured of the Piles by the use of Ayer's Pills. They not only relieved me of that painful disorder, but give me increased vigor, and restored my health.—John Lazarus, St. John, N. B.
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Having received his Spring stock of Carpetings, is now ready to show a large stock of
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THE NEW REVENUE BILL.

SOME OF THE IMPORTANT PROVISIONS OF THE MEASURE.

The new revenue bill adopted by both Houses of the state legislature makes many important changes in the revenue laws of the state. Below will be found a synopsis of the taxing and administrative clauses:

Section 1 provides that from and after the passage of the act all property of the classes afterward enumerated held or possessed by any person, copartnership, unincorporated association, limited partnership, bank or corporation liable to taxation within the commonwealth, shall pay annually for state purposes a tax of three mills on each dollar of the actual value thereof, whether the property be owned by such persons or corporations in their own right or as trustee or agent for any other corporation. The classes of property enumerated are all mortgages, all moneys owing by solvent debtors, whether by promissory note or penal or single bill, bond or judgment, except bonds accompanying mortgages; all articles of agreement and accounts bearing interest except mercantile book accounts; money deposited in any savings bank or savings fund, and money deposited in banks or corporations which can be withdrawn by check without notice; all public or municipal loans whatsoever, except those issued by this commonwealth or the United States; all loans issued by or shares of stock in any bank, corporation, association, company or limited partnership created or formed under the laws of this commonwealth or of the United States, or of any other state or government, including car trust securities and loans secured by bonds of any other form of certificate or evidence of indebtedness, except shares of stock in any corporation or limited partnership liable to the corporation tax imposed by the twenty-fourth section or exempt from taxation under the thirty-fourth section of this act; all moneys loaned or invested in other states, territories, the District of Columbia, or foreign countries, and all other moneyed capital in the hands of the individual citizens of the state; all annuities over $200, except those granted by this commonwealth or by the United States, paid from a fund which is not subject to said tax of 3 mills; and all stages, omnibuses, hacks, cabs and other vehicles used for trasporting passengers for hire, not owned by corporations paying the tax imposed by the twenty-fourth section. The section is not intended to apply to shares of stock in national banks in the hands of the owners thereof, or to bank notes or notes discounted or negotiated by any banking or savings institution or trust company; nor are the provisions of the act to apply to building and loan associations.

FURNITURE, WATCHES, ETC., EXEMPT.

The following classes of personal property are exempt from taxation: All household furniture, including gold and silver plate, owned by individuals or corporations; all pleasure carriages, and all watches, owned and kept for use, any former act imposing such tax being hereby repealed.

Section 2 provides that one half of the net amount of the tax imposed by the first section of the act, which shall be collected by the officers of each county and city co-extensive with a county, shall be refunded by the state treasurer to each county or city for expense incurred in the assessment and collection of such tax.

Section 3 enacts that the treasurer of every city, county and borough in the commonwealth, and the treasurer of every institution paying interest upon any loans which are made taxable by the first section, shall make report in writing, under oath, annually in the month of November to the auditor general of the amount of such loans, the name and residence of the owners and holders within the commonwealth, and the par value of such loans. The auditor general shall assess the same for taxation at the rate of 3 mills upon each dollar of the par value; and the same must be paid into the state treasury within thirty days, less commissions allowed by law to county treasurers for similar services. Neglect to make such report will impose on the offender a fine of $1,000; and if a report is not furnished the auditor general, in making up a valuation of such loans, shall add thereto 50 per cent, before assessing the tax.

Section 4 provides that in case any bank or savings institution shall elect to annually collect from the shareholders a tax of six-tenths of 1 per centum upon the par value of all the shares of said bank, and pay the same into the state treasury on or before the first day in March in each year, then the shares and so much of the capital and profits of such bank as shall not be invested in real estate shall be exempt from all other taxation. It also provides for reports to the auditor general by the officers of banks and savings institutions upon which to base assessments, with penalties for failure to make reports.

Section 5 provides for the furnishing of assessors with blanks upon which to make returns, copies to be given to taxable persons and corporations. Sections 6, 7 and 8 enact that returns must be made upon oath, to be administered by the assessors without charge.

Section 9 provides that if any assessor or taxable person or corporation shall make any agreement to return a less amount of taxable property than should be returned, the persons making such agreement shall be guilty of conspiracy, and upon conviction be sentenced to the same fine and imprisonment which is now provided by law for that offense.

LENDERS MUST PAY THE TAX.

Section 10 provides that it shall be unlawful for any person or corporation loaning money at interest on bond, mortgage or otherwise to require the borrower to pay the tax imposed by section 1, and any contract for repayment of the money loaned in violation of this provision shall be held void in any court of law or equity.

Sections 11 to 18 re-enact sections of the act of 1885, providing for the keeping of daily records of bonds, judgments, mortgages, etc., to be filed with the county commissioners or board of revision of taxes and transmitted to the assessors for comparison with personal returns of taxables.

Section 19 provides that the taxes collected by the several counties and cities shall be paid to the state treasurer on or before the second Monday of August, and that county officers shall receive the same compensation as they are entitled to under existing laws.

Section 20 enacts that every national bank within the commonwealth shall annually on March 1 report to the auditor general the number of shares of capital stock issued by it and their actual value; the auditor general shall then assess the same for taxation at the rate of 3 mills upon each dollar of the actual value thereof, which shall be paid within thirty days to the state treasurer. If any bank shall fail to make such return the auditor general shall endeavor to ascertain the actual value of each share of the capital stock and add 50 per cent thereto.

Section 21 provides that hereafter every limited partnership, bank or corporation doing business in the commonwealth under its laws, or organized under those of any other state, must before going into operation register in the office of the auditor general, the name of the institution or company, the date of incorporation or organization, the act of assembly or authority under which formed, incorporated or organized, the place of business, the postoffice address, the names of the president, chairman, secretary and treasurer or cashier, and the amount of capital authorized by its charter, and the amount of capital paid into the treasury. Failure to do this within ninety days from the passage of the act will be punished by a penalty of $500.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

By section 22 it is provided that hereafter, except in the case of banks and foreign insurance companies, every limited partnership and corporation doing business in and taxable within the commonwealth shall annually in the month of November report to the auditor general the total authorized capital stock, the whole number of shares of stock, the number of shares of stock issued, the par value of each share, the amount of capital paid in, the date, amount and rate per centum of each and every dividend made or declared during the year ending with the first Monday in said month, and in all cases where any such limited partnership or corporation shall fail to make or declare any dividend upon either its common or preferred stock during the year ending as aforesaid, or in case the dividend or dividends made or declared on either its common or preferred stock during the year ending as aforesaid shall amount to less than 5 per centum upon the par value of the said common or preferred stock, the treasurer and secretary thereof, after being duly sworn or affirmed to do and perform the same with fidelity, according to the best of their knowledge and belief, shall, between the 1st and 15th days of November of each year in which no dividend has been made or declared as aforesaid, or in which the dividend or dividends made or declared upon either its common or preferred stock amounted to less than 5 per centum upon the par value of said common or preferred stock, estimate and appraise the capital stock of such limited partnership or corporation upon which no dividend has been made or declared, or upon the par value of which the dividend or dividends made or declared amounted to less than 5 per centum at its actual value in cash, not less, however, than the average price which said stock sold for during said year, and not less than the price or value as indicated or measured by the amount of the dividends made or declared; and when the same shall have been so truly estimated and appraised they shall forthwith forward to the auditor general a certificate thereof, accompanied by a copy of their said oath or affirmation; by them signed and attested by the magistrate or other person qualified to administer the same. If the auditor general or state treasurer, or either of them are not satisfied with the valuation returned, they are authorized to make a valuation thereof with the right to appeal by the corporations.

Section 23 provides a penalty of 10 per centum to be added to the tax if the reports are not furnished to the auditor general on or before the 31st day of December in each and every year, and for a possible forfeiture of charter if reports are not made for three successive years.

TAXATION OF DIVIDENDS.

Section 24 provides that any limited partnership, association and corporation, except banks and foreign insurance companies, shall pay annually a corporation or franchise tax, to be computed as follows, namely: On a dividend of 5 or more than 5 per centum on the par value of its capital stock it shall pay at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ mill upon the capital stock for each 1 per cent. of dividend; if no dividend be declared, or if the dividend made do not amount to 5 per cent. of the par value of the capital stock, the tax to be at the rate of 3 mills upon each dollar of said stock. When any such company shall have common and preferred stock, then the tax shall be at the same rates as above on the stock on which dividends amounting to over 5 per cent. have been paid, and on that on which no dividends have been declared or a dividend not amounting to 5 per cent. This tax shall be paid within fifteen days from December of each year. When any corporation pays a dividend amounting to not less than 5 per cent. but less than 6 per cent, the tax shall be at the rate of 3 mills upon the par value of its capital stock. Profits added to a sinking fund shall be treated as having been divided among the stockholders, and shall subject the capital stock to taxation as a dividend. No corporation paying the tax imposed by this section shall be liable, in addition to the tax imposed by the first section of this act, upon so much of its personal property of the classes therein enumerated as shall actually represent its actual paid in capital stock or any part thereof; but in ascertaining the amount of personal property upon which any corporation is taxable under the first section of this act, the assessors, boards of revision or county commissioners shall deduct from the total value of all the assets of such corporation, enumerated in the first section of this act, and its real estate and bonds of this state or of the United States, the amount actually paid in on its capital stock in cash, and such corporation shall be liable to taxation under the first section of this act upon only so much of the value of the personal property therein enumerated as it shall be found to own or hold after such deduction of its paid-up cash capital from the total amount of its assets as aforesaid, but nothing herein contained shall operate to exempt any corporation having its loans outstanding from collecting and paying to the state treasurer the tax thereon under the provisions of the third section of this act; and no company paying the taxes on capital stock under this section and on gross receipts under the twenty-sixth section of this act shall pay tax for state purposes upon any portion of its roadbed or other property used for corporate purposes.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Section 25 provides that every private banker and broker and every unincorporated banking and saving institution not subject to the tax imposed by section 24 shall annually on the first Monday of November report to the auditor general the amount of net earnings or incomes during the preceding year, and within sixty days thereafter pay to the state treasurer 3 per cent. upon such earnings in addition to any taxes on personal property to which it may be subject under section 1.

Section 26 provides that every railroad company, pipe-line company, conduit company, steam-boat company, slack-water navigation company, transportation company, street passenger railway company, express company, natural gas company, electric light company, palace and sleeping car company, doing business in the state shall pay a tax of eight-tenths of 1 per cent. upon the gross receipts of the company, the tax to be paid on the last days of July and January in each year, the first payment to be made on the last day of July, 1887. When any company exercises the right to mine or purchase and sell coal the receipts from such sale shall not be taxed, but sums charged for transportation shall be taxed as a part of the gross receipts of the company. That in any case where the works of one corporation, company or limited partnership are leased to any operated by another corporation, company or limited partnership the taxes imposed by this section shall be adjusted between the said corporations, companies or limited partnerships in accordance with the terms of their respective leases or agreements, but for the payment of the said taxes the commonwealth shall first look to the corporation, company or limited partnership of a tax upon the entire receipts derived from the operation thereof the corporation, company or limited partnership from which the said works are leased shall not be held liable under this section for any tax upon the proportion of said receipts received by it as rental for the use of said works.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Section 27 provides that all insurance companies, except purely mutual benefit associations, shall report to the auditor general on the first days of July and January in each year the entire amount of premiums and assessments received during the preceding six months, and shall pay a tax of eight-tenths of 1 per centum on such amount. Hereafter the annual tax upon the premiums of insurance companies of other states or foreign governments shall be at the rate of one and one-half per centum upon gross premiums of every character and description received in this state.

Section 28 provides that one-half the taxes imposed by section 24 shall until November 1, 1893, be assigned to the sinking fund of the commonwealth, and after that time the whole of the revenue from this source shall be assigned to the sinking fund, and the other half of the revenue under section 24 until November 1, 1893, and all other taxes imposed by this act and the revenues derived therefrom, shall be applicable to the payment of the ordinary and current expenses of the government.

Section 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35 and 36 are mainly administrative, or provide penalties, repeal existing laws, etc. Interest on unpaid taxes is to be computed at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum; all taxes are to be liens upon the franchises and real and personal property of corporations; no corporation is to be dissolved until the taxes due by it to the commonwealth have been paid.

Section 33 provides that nothing in the act shall be taken or construed to alter or repeal existing laws licensing and taxing foreign insurance companies, or imposing taxes upon collateral inheritances, or imposing any license, bonus or tax other than those expressly referred to or provided for in this act.

Section 34 provides that hereafter no manufacturing corporations or limited partnership organized for manufacturing purposes shall be taxable upon any part of its capital stock actually employed within this commonwealth in any manufacturing business or upon its net earnings. Provided, that the provisions of this section shall not apply to corporations engaged in the manufacture of malt, spirituous or vinous liquors, or in the manufacture or furnishing of light or fuel by gas or electricity.

Washington Belles and Bores.

A celebrated Washington belle, whose attractions invited such marked attentions from scores of men that the prefix of "Mrs." seemed a dead letter, was "receiving" with another fashionable woman. While chatting she inadvertently drew out her handkerchief, and observing a knot in the corner of it; stopped, hesitated and said, "I've a knot in the corner of my handkerchief; I must have put it there to remind me of something." Said the hostess: "Probably to remind you that you are married."—*Harper's Magazine.*

A Short Speech.

"I'm going to speak my mind at that meeting to-night, and don't you forget it," said an irate Metropolitan clubster to his wife.

"Going to speak it plainly, are you, dear?" she asked, quietly.

"Yes, I'm going to speak my mind, my whole mind, and nothing but my mind."

"What a short speech it will be," she said, half to herself, and went on sewing.—*Washington Critic.*

In the Nick of Time.

A MURDERER'S LIFE SAVED ON THE SCAFFOLD.

Governor Gordon's respite of Jacob Leggett, the wife murderer, who was to have been hanged in Reidsville, Georgia, on Friday last, reached the Sheriff of the county just in time to save Leggett's neck. The respite was not granted until Thursday morning, but as Reidsville is forty-five miles from the nearest railway station, and there is no telegraphic communication with the place, the question which bothered the Governor was how to reach the Sheriff. A telegram was sent to Johnstown Station, on the Savannah, Florida and Western Railroad, and thence had to be sent by messenger about forty-five miles across the country to its destination. As a double precaution, Colonel Clifton, Leggett's attorney, was telegraphed at Savannah to start for Reidsville at once and deliver in person the order to suspend the execution of the sentence. He started on Thursday afternoon by rail for Johnstown Station, and thence began his ride of forty-five miles through swamps and lowlands and dense pine woods for Reidsville. Nothing was heard from him by the State officers until Saturday, and in the meantime nobody knew whether Leggett was hanged or not. The correspondent is now able to give the details of the saving of Leggett's life after the noose had been tightened about his neck.

ON THE SCAFFOLD.

It was generally understood throughout the country that Leggett would be hanged in the forenoon. The sun was not two hours high when people began arriving in Reidsville, some on foot, others on horseback, and many in the cracker carts. The scaffold had been erected in the field a quarter of a mile from the village. Thither the crowd moved, and steadily grew in numbers. Leggett took breakfast at seven o'clock and soon afterward a clergyman was admitted to his cell. The condemned man talked of the murder of his wife, said he was sorry for it and expressed a hope of forgiveness. He had not received any intimation that a reprieve would be granted, and he went about preparing to pay the penalty of his crime. At 10:30 he was handcuffed, and, surrounded by deputy sheriffs, was driven to the scaffold. Fully 1,500 persons had collected there, and an immense crowd followed Leggett and his guards from the town. Dozens of men and boys had climbed up into the trees to get a better view. Hundreds more swarmed over the carts, standing on the wheels and seats, anywhere and everywhere that a foothold offered. As the prisoner ascended the scaffold, a low buzz of excited comment arose from the throng. After a few minutes of prayer and a short confession from the murderer the Sheriff slipped the noose over Leggett's head and carefully tightened the rope around his neck and adjusted the knot. Then the black cap was put on and pulled down over his face. He had walked up on the gallows with a firm step, and showed little sign of nervousness in his voice as he sang and prayed. He did not falter when placed on the fatal trap, and held his hands back to have them tied together. His ankles were next bound tightly with a stout rope.

ARRIVAL OF THE MESSENGER.

Colonel Clifton was in his bed in Savannah when he received the telegram from Governor Gordon granting a respite. He took the train for Johnstown Station, on the Savannah, Florida and Western Railway, and from there he had forty-five miles to drive through a country not noted for its good roads. The breaking of a trace or an axle or anything happening to either of the horses, or any one of a hundred accidents was liable to delay him and prevent his reaching Reidsville before the trap was sprung. While Leggett was watching through his cell window the first gleams of dawn his faithful lawyer was urging a swift pair of horses across the country at a gait that covered them with foam. The hours sped by with equal rapidity to the prisoner and to the man who was hastening to save his life. The Sheriff had just turned to step down off the scaffold preparatory to cutting the rope which held the trap, when Colonel Clifton pushed his way into the crowd and shouted:

"Mr. Sheriff, I have here a message from Governor Gordon directed to you."

"Come this way and let me see it," answered the Sheriff.

For a moment not a whisper was uttered. Every one held his breath. The crowd divided and made way for the lawyer to pass to the foot of the gallows. The Sheriff glanced hastily at the telegram and dropped the hatchet which he held in his hand.

"Go up on the scaffold, Clifton, and read it to us," cried a thousand voices.

A STIRRING SCENE.

Tatnall is the attorney's native county. Everybody down there knows him, and there was not a man in the crowd who did not recognize his tall, broad form as he elbowed his way to the Sheriff. Taking ex-Senator Mattox by the arm Colonel Clifton stepped briskly up on the platform, and, without waiting for Leggett to be unbound, read the dispatch from Governor Gordon, granting a respite for thirty days. He read another telegram addressed to himself, to the effect that a reprieve had been granted. He then read a third dispatch, inquiring if the first and second had been received.

The telegram had a magical effect upon the crowd. Leggett stood at first as though paralyzed, being unable to believe what his ears heard. Then, when it dawned upon him that he was not to die, he made frantic efforts to be released. The cap and noose were quickly removed, and he fell down on his knees and poured out thanks to God and his attorney. His bonds were cut and he was led away, declaring that he loved his lawyer more than any one in the world. The scene was one not witnessed twice in a lifetime except in the last act of some dramas on the mimic stage where a courier rushes on breathlessly from the wings and hands the heavy man in the play a pardon for the hero. The crowd was disappointed, but perfectly well satisfied that the affair had taken the turn it did. Mr. Clifton was a sort of hero, and in less than an hour petitions were being signed asking the Governor to commute Leggett's sentence to imprisonment for life.

Mr. Frayne Wounded by a Lion.

ONE OF HIS WILD BEASTS KILLS A HORSE.

Frank I. Frayne, the well-known fire-arms and wild beast variety specialist, had a narrow escape from being clawed to pieces by his favorite stage lion, Robert Ingersoll. Mr Frayne has a country place called Echo Dell, about three miles from Madison, a village near Morristown, N. J., on the Morris and Essex Division of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad. Here he spends his summer and keeps his little menagerie while it is off duty in his sensational play "Mardo." Mr. Frayne's season on the road closed this year about three weeks ago, and the little colony had got pretty well settled at the Echo Dell farm—except for the two hyenas, which were howling and barking at nights—before the accident took place.

Mr. and Mrs Frayne, Mr. Frayne's aunt and daughter "Fred" Knight, the head trainer and keeper, and a young colored boy in the "Mardo" company were quartered in the farm house. The big lion Robert Ingersoll, the two hyenas, two trained horses, a plow horse and lots of rabbits were in the barn, about fifty yards off, near the main road. A big bear was chained to a cherry tree outside the barn and a little bear, suffering with lung trouble and a bad cough, was tied to the road fence. Three or four dogs—a trained bull dog, and a mastiff among them—roamed about the front yard.

Early on Monday morning, May 16, the actor was awakened by a quick succession of yells, roarings and high-keyed neighings from the barn. The hyenas were letting their lungs out more blood curdlingly than ever; the big lion was bellowing with unusual fury; the horses were whinnying piteously with fear. Dressing quickly, Mr. Frayne rushed down across the yard to the stables. The two bears were tugging fiercely at the chains outside. The yells inside grew more piercing every second.

The actor, in his shirt sleeves and stocking feet pulled one of the sliding barn doors aside and stepped in. The stable is divided into two rows of stalls with a threshing floor between them. In the three stalls on one side were Mr. Frayne's trained horse "Bolivar," a trained Kentucy colt, used by Miss Frayne, and an ordinary plough-horse. Across the threshing floor were the cages of the wild beasts. But the lion's cage was empty and the big barred front was lying half tipped over on a pile of boards on the main floor.

The lion was crouching behind the manger of the trained horse, Bolivar, and was just springing as the door opened. In a second he had crunched the horse's neck and the poor beast fell, still neighing and snorting, in agony, on the stall floor. The lion sank his jaws again in the mangled flesh and was about to tear the quivering animal to pieces, when the actor struck him a smart blow with a stick across the back. Mr. Frayne had seen his favorite pet kill two men in fits of insubordination, and he knew at once that only a quick stroke would save his own life now. He could not well back out either, for the lion's appetite once whetted with blood, his escape would play havoc with the country round.

The actor had picked up a stout rope with a slip noose, like a lasso, and as the lion turned quickly after the blow the noose was thrown cleverly about his neck. Then with a good deal of rope slack, the trainer ran the far end around a bar of the cage door and pulled. The lion was startled and half cowed at first at the sight of his trainer and master. He followed the pull of the rope mechanically across the threshing-floor into the cage. The whole face of the cage was still lying propped against the pile of lumber at one end. It had fallen from two of its three hinges at the other end and was almost flat down on the floor there.

Mr. Frayne lifted the bars as the lion crossed, and tried to catch them again on their hinges. The lion glared at him sullenly for a second or two, till the front was nearly up, and then made a spring. It was too late, however. The one hinge was caught, and the actor succeeded in fastening the others. The enraged beast slipped off. Then he jumped again and clawing blindly through the bars, caught Mr. Frayne's left arm. Four of the claws stuck in, most of them about an inch deep. The blood trickled down the shirt sleeve, soaking it. But the actor got away without any more serious hurts.

The whole thing was over so quickly that even Chief Keeper Knight had not time to reach the barn. The wounded actor's arm was dressed, and strict instructions were given to keep the matter secret, for fear of alarming the neighborhood. Last Monday night Mr. Frayne left Madison for Mt. Clemens, and nothing has been seen of him near Morristown since. His arm is doing well, however. His wife said recently that the wounds were only flesh ones, and that they had almost healed up. The horse died soon after the encounter. The lion has been ugly and sulky ever since. His cage will be patched up strongly against any further outbreaks. He has a bullet wound now in his head from the last of his man-eating exploits in Mexico.

Mr. Frayne, it will be remembered, shot one of his nieces accidently while doing a sort of William Tell rifle act in Cincinnati some years ago.

He and his company played at the Opera House in Bloomsburg a few weeks ago, in "Mardo," during which he entered the lion's cag. It was noticed at the time that the actor kept a very close watch on the lion, and didn't linger in its company a great while.

A Persian's Chief Subject of Conversation.

The Persians have one never-failing subject of conversation; that subject is their health. The pleasure of talking about the weather is denied to them; for, as eleven months out of the twelve are fine in Persia, the subject does not present sufficient variety. But a Persian, to whatever class of society he may belong, is never tired of talking about his ailments, real or supposed. In his eyes all Ferighis (Europeans) are doctors, and the European doctor is the very best of all. For many years at Shiraz there lived an old Swede who had walked into Persia in his youth. He knew nothing of medicine on his arrival; but, finding that the natives constantly solicited his advice, he bought a few medical books and literally acquired a certain amount of knowledge by carrying out the good old principle of "Fiat experimentum in corpore vili." Happily the Hakim Sahib also believed in the "vis medicatrix naturæ." As a rule his drugs were harmless. "I have different colored liquids," said he, "and as long as there is bread and water to be had I am never at a loss for a pill." The pills were floured for the common people and gilded for the rich. At seventy years of age the Hakim Sahib died. He held the position of physician to the forces of the province, and was deservedly respected by natives and Europeans.—*St. James' Gazette.*

The Columbian.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 1887.

In the race on Lake Calumet, near Chicago, on Monday; between Hanlan the champion oarsman and Gaudaur the Missouri oarsman the latter won, finishing the race by five lengths ahead thus being the champion of America. The purse was $5,000 a side, the gate receipts and the championship belt.

A GOOD WORD FOR EYERLY.

Messrs Editors.

I notice in your last week's issue the name of M. F. Eyerly among the list of candidates for Register and Recorder. Mr. Eyerly has always been a faithful and consistent democrat, and his long experience in a law office has made him familiar with the duties of the office he asks for. Besides this he can talk German which is a great advantage in a public officer. He has been a candidate before and when defeated he heartily supported the ticket. I think his time has come now, and it would be no more than fair for the democrats of Columbia county to make him their candidate. He is well qualified for the office, and would make a careful and competent official. Let us try him.

Yours &c.
Democrat.

THE NEW REVENUE BILL FAILS.

The Revenue bill passed by the legislature has failed to become a law, because the governor discovered as he was about to sign his name to it, that the signature of President pro tem. of the Senate, George Handy Smith, was missing. The constitution provides that all bills must be signed by the presiding officers of both branches before they are sent to the governor, and if this be not done within a certain time the bill does not become a law.

The responsibility of this failure has not been ascertained, but it is alleged that it was the fault of the message clerk of the House in not returning the bill to the Senate for President Smith's signature.

Under the Revenue act of 1885, the corporations were exempt from considerable tax by a ruling of the Supreme Court which refused to construe "persons" to mean "corporations," but the new act cured this defect and the larger tax would have been collected in the next couple of years. The new act turned into county treasuries one-half of the tax on personal property, and it was estimated that this would divide up $1,000,000 each year among the counties.

Should an extra session be called it would cost the state nearly $150,000 at the least figure. The bill could be passed in six days, but the compensation for extra sessions is $500 and under the law members and senators would each be entitled to that amount. Whether the passage of the revenue bill would be worth so much to the state is a question for the governor to consider in calling an extra session.

WASHINGTON LETTER

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

Washington, D. C., May 30th, 1887.

The past week has been a very lively and interesting one in Washington. The National Drill has been the great event of course, and the programme was so arranged that each day of the week had some important event of its own, so that there was variety and interest all the time. Today (Decoration Day) is a legal holiday. The Departments are closed, and the Government employes are free.

Unusually elaborate memorial services have been arranged to take place at Arlington, Soldiers' Home cemetery, the Congressional Cemetery and at General Logan's tomb. The soldiers who have participated in the National Drill will join the Grand Army of the Republic and the Army of the Potomac in processions to these places, and there will be music and oratory and prayers and poetry and flowers.

The contests of the Drill are over, but the Encampment does not break up until this evening. The military companies which went through the ordeal of the competitive drills, after their duties were ended, gave themselves up to fun, sightseeing and the enjoyment of camp life. The soldiers from Maine and New Hampshire think it is pretty hot weather in Washington and on some of the parades a few of them were overcome by the heat each day. But the lads from Texas and Louisiana think it is very cold for May and shiver and put on their overcoats. Altogether the health of the camp has been good, considering there are so many soldiers here from various climates who have been subjected to changes of different kinds and to unusual exertion and fatigue. Still the hospital has proved an indespensability of the camp and there has been constant demand for the services of the Red Cross Society, which has charge of it.

When the rain and wind amounting almost to a cyclone struck the city of tents on three successive afternoons, making havoc with camp paraphernalia of every kind and buffeting and drenching the soldiers, the latter felt that they were having a taste of the realities of military life on a war basis they had hardly anticipated. The rain storms were quite disastrous, too, to the finances of the Drill. Besides unroofing the grand stand and causing other damages which represented actual outlay, they caused a postponement of the pyrorama performance on two evenings, depriving the Drill Committee of receipts from that source, and they also cut out a portion of each day's program, as for instance the dress parades, at five o'clock P. M. which would have attracted many spectators. General Greeley visited headquarters shortly after the first storm and in response to some jocular reproaches about the weather promised that it should be good for the rest of the week.

The General of the Virginia Brigade and the members of his staff expressed themselves as much pleased with the results of the encampment so far as their men were concerned. They said it had been a camp of instruction to them, many of whom needed such experience. The strictest military discipline has been maintained and the troops have been required to attend to every camp duty with as much fidelity as though they were actually in service in the field. One of the officers also said that the encampment had been of great benefit to many of the officers. They were good drill officers in their own armies but knew little of the duties required of them in the field. Some of the captains have had their men up in line at five o'clock in the morning, and no point has been neglected to give them all the benefit of instruction the camp affords.

The chief interest of the drill lies in that which nobody has yet found out, namely: how the various companies stand in the competitive drill, and which will get the $5,000 prize. The announcement of the awards will be made by the judges at three o'clock this afternoon at the drill grounds, with due ceremony, and until this formal presentation no one but the judges will know who are the winners. General Sheridan selected the army officers who are the judges of the drill and he will present the prizes to the successful competitors.

The famous Lomax Rifles of Mobile, it was thought, would be dangerous rivals for first honors, and indeed they were a superb company of men and drilled finely. But they themselves do not expect a very high place now, as they labored under some disanvantages. Their captain, it is said, on account of the illness and death of his wife has not been able to drill his men of late, and he had accidentedly omitted a whole page of the program in the drill contest which will injure their record. In the gossip of the camp the prizes lie somewhere between the Muscatine Rifles, the two Sanantonio companies, the Toledo Cadets, Company I of the 1st Minnesota and the Washington Light Infantry.

OUR LONDON LETTER.

OPENING OF THE AMERICAN EXHIBITION.

THE QUEEN'S VISIT TO THE "WILD WEST."

London, May, 14th, 1887

The event of the week has been the opening of the much-talked of American Exhibition, which occurred on Monday last. Invitations had been sent to all the nobility, including the members of several clubs, amongst them the "Savage," the Press and Garrick, the members of the House of Lords and the House of Commons, the members of the Council of Welcome and all the prominent Americans in London to the number of nearly 15,000. No admission was given under a guinea, and notwithstanding this the turnstiles registered the admission of nearly 30,000 people.

The time of beginning the exercises was set for 3.30, and for nearly two hours before that time all the omnibusses and underground railway trains were packed with fashionable well dressed and good natured people struggling for places—the cab ranks in the West End were entirely deserted—the private carriages completely blocked every street leading to the Lillie Road and for some distance each side the main entrance. At 2 o'clock two hundred members of the press sat down to luncheon in the room of the Art Gallery. Mr. John Gilmer Speed, an old Journalist and Secretary of the exhibition, presided and amongst the Company was George Augustus Sala, Lewis J. Jennings, the correspondents of the American newspapers, and a representative of every important paper in Great Britain. The lunch was quite informal, with the exception of the fact that the Chairman spoke a few words of welcome, and Mr. Townsend Percy, on behalf of the Executive Council and himself personally, in a brief and pointed speech expressed his thanks to the gentlemen present for kindness, courtesy and hospitality with which the American Exhibition had been treated by the English press. At 3.30 o'clock promptly, the members of the Executive Council and of the Executive Staff assembled on the platform erected outside of the main entrance to the Art Gallery, fronting the bridge leading to the Wild West and the open spaces in the vicinity, which afforded sitting and standing room to a mass of people. The sight, as I emerged on the platform, was a most extraordinary one. It was a fine day and the bright colors of the ladies' toilets made the enormous gallery look like a boundless parterre of flowers. It was literally a sea of heads, and the subdued hum of conversation, which never was still during any part of the ceremones, was like the distant roar of the sea. To the left of the platform was stationed Dan Godfrey and the band of the Grenadier Guards, who opened the ceremonies by playing "Yankee Doodle;" then the Very Rev. Canon Farrar, Archdeacon of Westminister, who was selected not only on account of his eminence in his profession, but on account of his partiality for America and Americans, proceeded to ask a blessing upon the enterprise about to be inaugurated. Lord Ronald Gower, brother to the Duke of Sutherland, then delivered a brief address of welcome on behalf of the Council of Englishmen formed to give practical expression to their hospitable desires towards the American guests. This was replied to by Colonel Henry Russell, President of the Exhibition, and he was followed by Mr. John Robinson Whitley, Director-General, in an address in which he detailed the history of the enterprise. In the intervals during these speeches the band played "Yankee Doodle" and "Dixey." Madame Nordica electrified the audience by her rendering of the "Star Spangled Banner" and "Rule Britannia;" in fact, it was remarkable the ease with which, when she took her top notes, she filled the enormous structure known as the main building.

Colonel Russell then in a few words declared the Exhibition open. It had been arranged that he should start the machinery which had been attached to the shafting at the lower part of the building, the huge engine brought from America being in perfect order; but at the last moment the boilers, the contract for which had been given to an English firm, broke down, and it was only by word, and not by deed, that the opening was accomplished. As soon as the exercises were over the crowd surged across the bridge leading to the grand stand of the Wild West; this enormous structure has a seating capacity of over 20,000 persons and standing for half as many more, and the whole place was densely packed. To attempt to tell you who was there would be an impossibility, almost as much so as to tell you who was not there. All the beauty of brains, title, money and position that London could furnish were distributed over the vast amphitheatre.

I am quite sure that no one that was present will ever forget the roar of applause which broke from a surprised multitude when, from behind the ambuscade of rocks, Buffalo Bill, followed by the Indians and Cowboys, swept like a whirlwind around the track. It was hard to say which had the best of it, the yelling Indians, the whooping Cowboys, or the applauding multitude of spectators. The performance is too well known in America for me to dilate upon it. It need only be said that the enthusiasm steadily increased from start to finish. In the evening the illuminated gardens, which are very extensive and charming, were thronged with people till the closing at 10.30.

After having all this multitude of patrons on Monday it would not have been a matter of surprise if the business on the following day had not been good, but although the weather was unpropitious, over 15,000 people witnessed the entertainment.

On Wednesday no performance was given in the afternoon; Buffalo Bill having already received Gladstone, the Prince of Wales and the Princess, it only remained for him to have the patronage of the Queen to have accomplished more than any other celebrity has yet done in the world, and happily on Tuesday the Queen sent word commanding a private performance for her benefit on Wednesday afternoon.

The arrangements were made by the Marquis of Lorne, and everyone except the members of the Council and Staff was rigidly excluded from the Amphitheatre.

Every precaution was taken to protect Her Majesty from any possible draught. The box was extended to the edge of the arena, and the open space in front filled with a magnificent collection of orchids.

In order to avoid a crowd it had been given out that the Queen would enter through the main entrance, in the Lillie Road, but as a matter of fact, shortly after 5 o'clock she drove in at Earl's Court entrance, in the Warwick Road, which leads directly into the Wild West Arena. The Sioux Indians had been drawn up on both sides as a guard of honor, and as I stood directly in front of them I was enabled to notice the look, first of surprise, and then of pleased amusement, which overspread Her Majesty's face as she caught sight of this novel guard of honor. She came in a double Barouche drawn by four magnificent bay horses, ridden by postillions and with four outriders; behind were two Scotch gillies curly headed and full bearded; with black and white tartans, bare, stalwart and muscular knees; they were remarkable looking servants indeed. Two other carriages followed, bringing the rest of the royal party, who were driven slowly through the stables, affording the Queen an opportunity to look in through the open door at the 200 Mustang horses; then the *cortege* swept around the arena and drew up in front of the royal box. Here the party were received by the Marquis of Lorne, who presented Col. Henry C. Russell, of Boston, president of the Exhibition, Mr. John Robinson Whitley, director-general, and Mr. Vincent A. Applin, the secretary. The reception committee consisted of Lord Ronald Gower, Mr. Burnet Landreth, John Priestman, Col. Griffin, William Lee Thornton, Sir. John Maxwell Herron, John Gilmer Speed, Frederick C. Penfield, Townsend Percy, R. M. Smith, Alfred Pickard, and other members of the Executive Council and staff. In the adjoining boxes of the grand stand, were Mrs. Russell and the Misses Russell, Mrs. Salisbury, Mrs. J. R. Whitley and Mrs. Whitley, senior, Mrs. Priestman, Miss Applin and a few other ladies.

The Queen took her seat in the centre of the royal box in the arm chair. The Princess Beatrice sat upon her right, and on her left was Prince Henry of Battenburg, who remained standing during the performance. To the right of the Princess Beatrice was the Marquis of Lorne, and behind the Queen was the Dowager Duchess of Athol. Sir Henry and Lady Ponsoby, Colonel Sir Henry Ewart and General Gardiner Equerries in waiting, and the Honorable Miss Cadogan, Maid of Honor were in the adjoining box. About two thirds of the usual programme was then given for Her Majesty's benefit, which from the expression on her face afforded her great pleasure.

At the close of the exercises she spoke a few words of praise to Miss Lilian Smith and Annie Oakley the girl shooters, and then Colonel Cody was presented, and Her Majesty expressed her great satisfaction with the performance, and in response to his question as to whether the entertainment was too long, Her Majesty regretted her time was limited, but she hoped to be able to arrange to come and see it again. Red Shirt the chief of the Sioux, on being presented to Her Majesty, replied to Her Majesty's greeting by saying that he was very glad to see her, and that he had come a long way for that purpose. Mr. Nate Salsbury the Director of the Wild West then had the honour of being presented, and as he remarked to me afterwards in a burst of confidence, said "when I took hold of Cody, I said I would land him at the foot of the throne, and by Jove, I have done so!" The queen and suite then drove to Paddington station and departed for Windsor by special train. Her majesty has commanded her secretary (Sir Henry Ponsonby) to make full report of the proceedings.

This is the second entertainment the Queen has attended in the twenty-two years that have elapsed since the death of the Prince Consort and no greater honour could possibly have been conferred upon the American Exhibition or the Wild West.

On Thursday the attendance was larger than on the opening day, and this, with the magnificent newspaper notices and the general tone of public comment, enables me to predict for the American Exhibition the greatest financial success ever known in the world.

There is living in Plymouth probably the smallest man in the country. His name is Rees Wittier. He is thirty-four years old, stands just thirty-six inches high and weighs fifty-eight pounds. He is a native of Wales and came to this country in 1875, since which date he has lived in Wilkes-Barre, in Danville, and in Plymouth.



The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and we ask you to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. **Peculiar** It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation of the vegetable remedies used give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar curative powers. No other medicine has such a record of wonderful cures. **To Itself** If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other instead. It is a Peculiar Medicine, and is worthy your confidence.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Awarding the National Drill Prizes.

The following prizes were awarded Monday at the conclusion of the National Drill at Washington:

Company prize, first, Lomax Rifles; second, Company D, First Minnesota; third, Belknap Rifles, of Texas; fourth, National Rifles, of Washington; fifth, San Antonio, Texas, Rifles.

Battalion prizes, first, Washington Light Infantry; second, Louisville, Ky., Legion.

Light Artillery prize, first, Indianapolis Light Artillery; second, Milwaukee Light Battery.

Zouave prize, first, Chicago Zouaves; second, Memphis Merchants.

Cadet prize, first, Michigan Military Academy; second, Maryland Agricultural College.

Regimental prize to First Regiment, Virginia—the only competing organization.

Machine Gun prize to Battery A, Ohio; Battery A, of Louisville Legion, second.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

The names announced under this heading are subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, to be held in Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, July 26, 1887. The Delegate Election will be held on Saturday, July 23, between the hours of 3 and 7 p. m.

For Associate Judge,
CYRUS B. McHENRY,
Of Fishingcreek Township.

For Prothonotary and Clerk of the Courts,
WM. H. SNYDER,
Of Bloomsburg.

For Register and Recorder,
C. H. CAMPBELL,
Of Bloomsburg.

For Register and Recorder,
N. P. MOORE,
of Hemlock Township.

For Register and Recorder,
MICHAEL F. EYERLY,
Of Bloomsburg.

For Register and Recorder,
G. W. STERNER,
Of Bloomsburg.

For County Treasurer,
A. B. CROOP,
Of Briarcreek.

For County Treasurer,
G. A. HERRING,
Of Bloomsburg.

For County Treasurer,
H. C. KELCHNER,
Of Scott Township.

For County Commissioner,
STEPHEN POHE,
Of Centre Twp.

For County Commissioner,
WASHINGTON PARR,
Of Franklin.

For County Commissioner,
L. M. CREVELING,
Of Fishingcreek.

For County Commissioner,
WM. G. GIRTON,
Of Bloomsburg.

For County Commissioner,
ELIAS HOWELL,
Of Mt. Pleasant Township.

For County Commissioner,
JESSE RITTENHOUSE,
Of Beaver Twp.

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ALL THE FINEST EXTRACTS — COLOGNE Sachets, Pomades, Hair Dyes and Bay Rum at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, Evans' Block, opposite Episcopal Church.

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CASTILLE, TOILET AND MEDICATED SOAPS a full line at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, Upper Main street.

COMBS OF ALL KINDS, WELL SELECTED, AND at very low prices at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, third door above Iron street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CONDENSED MILK, COXE'S, NELSON'S AND Cooper's Gelatine, Tapioca, Sage, Arrow Root and all the prepared foods for children and invalids at Mercer's Drug and Book Store, first door above Hess' Boot and Shoe Store, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CANARY, HEMP, RAPE, MILLET, MAW AND Mixed Seed for the birds, at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, first door below Creasy's Grocery Store.

FINE WRITING PAPERS, BY BOX, LOOSE OR in Tablet form, at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, Bloomsburg, Pa.

NURSING BOTTLES, NIPPLES, RUBBER RATTLES, Teething Rings and all requisites of the Nursery that will contribute to the baby's happiness, at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, two doors above Evans & Eyer's Clothing Store.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS AND FAMILY receipts carefully prepared at all hours at Mercer's Drug and Book Store, Bloomsburg, Pa.

TOILET AND INFANT POWDERS, ROUGE, Cosmetic and gold and silver Diamond Dust, at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, No 68 Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

WALL PAPER—MANY KINDS AND MANY prices—at Mercer's Drug and Book Store, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa. June3,1y,87.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of a writ of vend Ex., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, June 18, 1887,

at 3 o'clock p. m., all that certain messuage or lot of ground, situate in the Borough of Berwick, in Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning sixty and three-fourths feet from the corner of Second and Pine streets, thence along Pine street sixty feet, thence forty-nine and one-half feet, parallel with Third street, thence along lot number fifty, sixty feet, thence parallel with Second street forty-nine and one-half feet to the place of beginning, said lot being part of lot number forty-nine, as laid down in the plot of Berwick, being sixty feet front on Pine street, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of George W. Smith vs. Jacob Fisher, and to be sold as the property of Jacob Fisher.

SAMUEL SMITH,
Evans, Atty. Sheriff.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Penn'a, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, June 20, 1887,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain messuage or tract of land, situate in Locust township, Columbia county, Penn'a, bounded as follows: On the north by Ranslow George, on the east by land of Ranslow George, on the south by lands of David Leiby and Jacob Artley, and on the west by land of Edward Rhoads, containing eleven acres, more or less, whereon are erected a one and a half story dwelling house, a stable and a blacksmith shop, a lot of young fruit trees on the premises.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of Ranslow George, adm'r of Elias George, dec'd, vs. Daniel Rhoads, and to be sold as the property of Daniel Rhoads.

Zarr, Atty. SAMUEL SMITH, Sheriff.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Faultless Family Medicine.

"I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for many years, having made it my only Family Medicine. My mother before me was very partial to it. It is a safe, good and reliable medicine for any disorder of the system, and if used in time is a great preventative of sickness. I often recommend it to my friends, and shall continue to do so.

"Rev. James M. Rollins,
"Pastor M. E. Church, So. Fairfield, Va."

TIME AND DOCTORS' BILL SAVED

by always keeping Simmons Liver Regulator in the house.

"I have found Simmons Liver Regulator the best family medicine I ever used for anything that may happen, have used it in Indigestion, Colic, Diarrhoea, Biliousness, and found it to relieve immediately. After eating a hearty supper, if, on going to bed, I take about a teaspoonful, I never feel the effects of the supper eaten.

"Ovid G. Sparks,
Ex-Mayor Macon, Ga."

J. H. Zeilin & Co.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Price, $1.00

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF MARY A. CLAYTON, DEC'D.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., to distribute the balance in the hands of C. C. Evans, adm'r, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in the Borough of Berwick, on Saturday, June 11, 1887, at 10 a. m., when and where all parties having claims against the said estate must appear and prove the same, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

C. B. JACKSON,
m20 Auditor

STATEMENT OF BLOOMSBURG SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 1st, 1887.

Tax rate 4 mills for school purposes and 1 mill for building purposes on the dollar valuation.

M. C. WOODWARD, Collector, DR.

To balance on duplicate '85-6	$1500 00	$1500 00
CR.		
By additional exonerations on on duplicate 1885-6 less commission	14 70	
By amount paid treasurer	1485 30	1500 00

RICHARD STILES, Collector. DR.

To duplicate for 1886-7	8361 91	8361 91
CR.		
Sept 15, '86, by amt paid treasurer	5216 89	
By 5 per cent abatement	280 50	
By 2 per cent commission	112 17	5609 56
Jan 15, '87, by amt paid treasurer	853 04	
By 5 per cent commission	44 90	897 94
By exonerations errors in Assess	48 62	
By returned to commissioners	7 50	
By exonerations	47 70	103 82
By amt paid treasurer	863 46	
Balance on duplicate	887 13	8361 91

STEPHEN KNORR, Treasurer. DR.

To amt from former treasurer	436 35	
" " " " collector	1485 30	
To amt from present collector	6933 39	
To amt from state appropria-	817 96	
To amt from C W Eves	149 63	9822 63
CR.		
By orders redeemed	6934 98	
By coupons paid $132.00 less state tax $6.60	125 40	
By Bonds Nos. 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 63 and 65 paid	2100 00	
By interest on same from July 1, 1886 until paid less state tax	13 46	
By treasurer's commission 2 per cent on $9173.84	183 47	
Balance in treasury	465 32	9822 63

BUILDING FUND ACCOUNT. DR.

To tax levied for building purposes	1532 48	
To balance from former collector	250 00	
To balance from former treasurer	40 21	
To amt from C W Eves balance on Welsh Hill property	149 63	
To amt borrowed from School Fund	419 75	2392 07
CR.		
By amt paid for $132.00 coupons less state tax $6.60	125 40	
By bond No. 56 due July 1, '86 paid	500 00	
By bond No. 57 due July 1, '86 paid	500 00	
By bond No. 58 due July 1, '86 paid	200 00	
By bond No. 59 due July 1, '86 paid	100 00	
By bond No. 60 due July 1, '86 paid	100 00	
By bond No. 61 due July 1, '86 paid	100 00	
By bond No. 63 due July 1, '87 paid	500 00	
By bond No. 65 due July 1, '87 paid	100 00	
By interest on same from July 1, 1886 until paid less state tax	13 46	
By treasurer's commission on $2238.86	44 77	
By discount for prompt payment	56 10	
By exonerations on duplicate 1886-7	9 75	
By returned to commissioners	1 50	
By exonerations for erroneous assessments	9 74	
By collector's commission	31 35	2392 07

SCHOOL FUND ACCOUNT. DR.

To amt levied for school purposes	6829 43	
To amt due from former collector	1250 00	
To amt rec'd from former treas	396 14	
To state appropriation	817 96	9293 53
CR.		
By amt paid 16 teachers	5160 00	
By amt paid 2 janitors	400 00	
" " " " during holidays	20 00	
By amt paid auditors	3 00	
" " Bloom Water Co.	21 00	
" " Republican, advertising statem't, blanks, etc	31 25	
By amt paid Sentinel advertising statement, etc	21 00	
By amt paid Columbian, notice to teachers	1 00	
By amt paid F P Davis, wood,	7 50	
" " Thos Ingold, work	5 00	
" " E C Jones cleaning and repairs	38 87	
By amt paid A W Fry cleaning and repairs	44 00	
By amt pd E A Searles, et al, inside painting, Third St	118 30	
By amt paid P K Vannatta, outside painting, Fifth St	87 00	
By amt paid Casey & Dawson, repairs to blackboard, and walling in boiler	35 67	
By amt pa'd Creasy & Wells, lumber	19 88	
By amt paid H G Eshleman & Co, plumbing	47 17	
By amt pd D A Creasy, supplies	1 25	
" " C W Neal & Bro, coal	204 30	
" " P S Moyer, repairs	13 19	
" " N Y Silicate Slate Co	9 45	
" " Davis Brooks, organ repairs	2 00	
By amt pd Wm Rabb, supplies	30	
" " E B Brower, repairs and extensions to steam heater, Third street	226 70	
By amt pd J R Schuyler & Co, supplies	20 24	
By amt paid Fred Schwinn, hauling	50	
By amt paid C M Drinker, key.	50	
" " Peter Jones repair	5 15	
" " C L Rupert, clock	1 50	
" " G M & J K Lockard lumber	1 97	
By amt pd School Fur. Co	31 20	
" " L E Wharey, repairs	13 46	
" " Baker, Smith & Co, grates	18 29	
By amt paid M J Williams, repairing 8 organs	40 60	
By amt paid J A Cox, brick	2 75	
" " Wm Neal & Sons, fire brick	3 58	
By amt pd H Yost & Son, repairs	75	
" " S M Hess, agt, grates	12 12	
" " G A Clark, supplies,	10 77	
" " J J Brower, "	16 25	
" " O A Jacoby, coal	3 25	
" " C A Kleim, supplies,	1 35	
" " J H Mercer, "	24 34	
" " H. G. Eshleman, plumbing	7 45	
By amt paid Moyer Bros, paint, materials, etc	69 30	
By amt paid Jos Decker, fence,	7 00	6809 98
" collector's commission,	125 72	
" treasurer's "	138 70	
" secretary's salary	125 00	
By exonerations allowed	37 95	
By returns to commissioners	6 00	
By erroneous assessments	38 85	
By exonerations duplicate 1885-6, less commissions	14 70	
By discount for prompt paym't	224 40	
By amt due from collector	887 13	
By amt loaned to building fund	419 75	
Balance in treasury	465 32	2483 55
		9293 53
By loan to building fund		419 75

STATEMENT OF BONDS OUTSTANDING JUNE 1, 1887.

No 62, Bond issued to D Stroup due July 1, 1887	500 00	
Int from July 1, '86, to June 1, '87	27 50	527 50
No 64. Bond issued to Creasy & Brown, due July 1, 1887	200 00	
Int from Jan 1, '87, to June 1, '87	5 00	205 00
No 66. Bond issued to J J Brown, due July 1, '87	200 00	
Int from Jan 1, '87, to June 1, '87	5 00	205 00
No 67. Bond issued to R W Smith, due July 1, '87	100 00	
Int from Jan 1, to June 1, '87	2 50	102 50
Bonded indebtedness		$1040 00

ASSETS.

Amt due from collector	887 13	
Amt in treasury	465 32	1352 45

LIABILITIES.

Bonds, and int due on same till June 1, '87	1040 00	
Assets in excess of liabilities	312 45	

JOHN J. LAWALL, Pres.

Attest:
JAS. C. BROWN, Sec'y.

We, the undersigned auditors, having examined the above accounts, statements and vouchers as presented by the treasurer and secretary, find them correct, and herewith approve the same.

Bloomsburg, May 30, 1887.

WM. E. RINKER, F. D. DENTLER, JOS. GARRISON, } Auditors.

June 3, 4t.

Schuyler's Hardware.

REFRIGERATORS.

Hot weather is fast approaching. Sharp competition among the manufacturers have brought down the prices. You would be astonished to see what a nice refrigerator we can sell you for a very little money. It will pay for itself in one season's use.

Ice Cream Freezers.

Our leading freezer is the "Rapid" and has only to be seen in comparison with others to insure its sale. Every one guaranteed, and the price almost as low as some of the other makes we keep.

WATER COOLERS

Water Coolers, with stands or without for family, hotel or factory use, handsome goods; sizes and prices to suit every body.

LAWN MOWERS

It is almost an impossibility to keep a yard in nice order without a mower. One of the great objections heretofore has been the price, but like everything else, they have declined so as to bring them within the reach of all. Our "New Model" we claim to be the best mower made; runs the lightest and price as low as the lowest.

J. R. Schuyler & Co.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

SWARTHMORE COLLEGE

SWARTHMORE, PA.,

Opens 9th month, 13th. Thirty minutes from Broad St. station, Philadelphia. Under the care of Friends, but all others admitted. Full college course for both sexes; Classical, Scientific and Literary. Also a Manual Training and a Preparatory School. Healthful location, large grounds, new and extensive buildings and apparatus. For Catalogue and full particulars, address EDWARD H. MAGILL, LL. D., Pres't. may3,87-15t

BRIDGE LETTINGS.

Will be let, near the residence of Joseph Ash, in Benton township, on Thursday, the 9th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., a new bridge to be erected over Raven creek, near Joseph Ash, in said township, to be a wooden brace covered bridge, 30 ft. between abutments, 16 feet wide from out to out. Abutments to be built by contractor, so as to admit of skewback three feet from top of wall plate and 9½ ft. high above low water mark to top of wall plate, wing walls to be 6 feet long on east side and 16 feet long on west side of bridge and to be 2 feet above grade of road.

ALSO:

At the residence of Bruce Sutliff, in Sugarloaf township, on Thursday, the 9th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 2 o'clock p. m., a new bridge to be erected over the east branch of Big Fishingcreek, near Bruce Sutliff, in said township, to be a wooden brace covered bridge, 65 feet between abutments, 16 feet wide from out to out. Abutments to be built by contractor, so as to admit of skewback three feet from top of wall plate and 9½ feet high above low water mark to top of wall plate, wing walls to be 16 feet on west side and 12 feet on east side of bridge and to be 2 feet above grade of road.

ALSO:

At the residence of Alinas Cole, in Greenwood township, on Friday, the 10th day of June, A. D. 1887, at ten o'clock a. m., a new bridge to be erected over Little Fishingcreek, near Alinas Cole's, between Greenwood and Pine townships; to be a wooden brace covered bridge, 57 feet between abutments, 16 feet wide from out to out; abutments to be built by contractor so as to admit of skewback three feet from top of wall plate and 9½ feet high above low water mark to top of wall plate, wing walls to be 16 feet on east side and 16 feet on west side of bridge and to be 2 feet above grade of road.

ALSO:

At the residence of David Reeder's, in Franklin township, on Saturday, the 11th day of June, A. D. 1887, at ten o'clock a. m., a new bridge to be erected over Roaringcreek, near David Reeder's, in said township, to be an arch covered bridge, 100 feet between abutments, 16 feet wide from out to out; abutments to be built by contractor so as to admit of skewback three feet from top of wall plate and 8 feet above low water mark to top of wall plate, high wing walls to be 12 feet on east side and 12 feet on west side of bridge and to be 2 feet above grade of road. All filling at the above bridges to be done by the contractor. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Plans and specifications for the above bridges can be seen at the office of the County Commissioners.

STEPHEN POHE, WASHINGTON PARR, ELI MENDENHALL, } County Com'rs.

Attest:—Jno. B. Casey, Clerk.

Com'rs office, Bloomsburg, Pa., May 27, 1887.

MERCANTILE APARAISEMENT.

List of Dealers of Columbia County.

I hereby certify that the following list of dealers, taken, returned and classified by me, in accordance with the several Acts of Assembly, in and for the year 1887, is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

BEAVER.

Names & Business.	*Class.*	*License.*
C P Driesbach, store	14	7 00
J P Smith, hotel	5	50 00
Levi Michael, store	14	7 00
T J Shuman, store	14	7 00
G J Munson, store	14	7 00
W T & W B Cole, distillery	9	15 00
Meagley & Reese, store	14	7 00

BENTON.

Hiram Hess, hotel	5	50 00
J J McHenry, store	13	10 00
A McHenry, "	14	7 00
McHenry & Carey, furniture store	14	7 00
J E Edson, store	14	7 00
Rohr McHenry, store	13	10 00
T C McHenry, hardware and drug	14	7 00
C M Smith, store	14	7 00
John Heacock, store	14	7 00
Lemuel Drake, hotel	5	50 00
J B McHenry, hotel	5	50 00
Keller Brothers, tin and stoves	14	7 00
Holland McHenry, store	14	7 00

BERWICK.

F L Distlehurst, furniture	14	7 00
Grove & Kistner, drug store	14	7 00
R Burger, restaurant	5	20 00
C W Brubaker, hardware store	14	7 00
R B Strayze & Co., store	14	7 00
H M Hockman, confectioner	14	7 00
R G Crispin, store	12	12 50
R R Lower, store	13	10 00
W B Freas & Son, lumber dealers	14	7 00
B F Driesbach, organs and machines	14	7 00
Samuel K Heller, pool table	8	30 00
Jackson & Woodin Mfg. Co., store	6	50 00
G A Buckingham, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
W G Rook, hotel	5	50 00
Theodore P Berger, shoe store	14	7 00
M Levy, clothing store	14	7 00
Benjamin Sponenberger, restaurant	5	20 00
M A Markle, restaurant	5	20 00
T O McMurtrie, clothing store	14	7 00
A P Young & Reed, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
Isaiah Bower, store	14	7 00
T J Stiles & Co., drug store	14	7 00
D C Smith, store	14	7 00
J P Freas & Co., store	14	7 00
Owen Yohey, hotel	5	50 00
August Diehl, bottler	5	50 00
J R Gould, druggist	14	7 00
G L Reagan & Co., notions	14	7 00
W J Mansfield, merchant	14	7 00
Smith Brothers, merchants	14	7 00
O E McBride, groceries	14	7 00

BRIARCREEK.

G W Ash, distillery	9	15 00
Peter Jumper, grocery	14	7 00
G W Miller, hotel	5	50 00

BLOOMSBURG.

J L Girton, hotel	5	50 00
I W McKelvy, store	6	40 00
I W Hartman & Son, store	9	25 00
H C Hartman, carpets and boots	14	7 00
C A Kleim, drugs	14	7 00
W J Corell & Co, furniture	13	10 00
J K Eyer, store	14	7 00
Wm Rabb, grocery	14	7 00
L E Wharey, stoves	14	7 00
J Saltzer, organs, &c	14	7 00
G W Bertsch, clothing store	14	7 00
F D Dentler, boots and shoes	13	10 00
Geo A Clark, book store	13	10 00
W R Tubbs, hotel	5	50 00
J F Caldwell, confectioner	14	7 00
B Stohner, restaurant	5	20 00
S A Wilson, grocery	13	10 00
H G Eshleman, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
H J Clark & Son, store	12	12 50
Louis Bernhard, jeweler	14	7 00
Jacob Keller, notions	10	20 00
John S Phillips, confectioner	14	7 00
David Lowenberg, clothing store	13	10 00
Geo Aurand, hotel	5	50 00
E E Cadman, furniture	14	7 00
J R Schuyler & Co, hardware	11	15 00
Charles W Runyan	13	10 00
G N Wilson, grocery	13	10 00
J D Wilson, leather, &c	14	7 00
Joseph Decker, confectioner	14	7 00
C C Marr, store	14	7 00
W C Rettchart, flour and feed	14	7 00
Evans & Eyer, clothing	14	7 00
A Hess, boots and shoes	14	7 00
J H Mercer, drug	14	7 00
D A Creasy, store	14	7 00
Andrew Solleder, boots and shoe findings	14	7 00
B H Vannatta, agent, wall paper	14	7 00
Singer Mfg Co, sewing machines	14	7 00
Mrs W B Allen, store	14	7 00
Hartman & Edgar, stoves	14	7 00
Henry Kleim, grocery	14	7 00
G M & J K Lockard, coal	14	7 00
Wm Giger, hotel	5	50 00
C W Neal & Bro., coal	14	7 00
Harman & Hassert, coal	14	7 00
O A Jacoby, liquor store	13	25 00
" " coal	14	7 00
Farmers' Produce Exchange, store	8	30 00
" " " coal	14	7 00
Peter Gross, bottler	5	50 00
Simon C Salve, agl imp	14	7 00
Bloomsburg Iron Co, store	11	15 00
C B Robbins, liquor store	13	25 00
F M Gilmore, restaurant	5	20 00
W H Gilmore, restaurant	5	20 00
" " bottler	5	50 00
G M & J K Lockard, store	13	10 00
H W Sloan, dry goods and notions	14	7 00
N J Hendershott, drugs	14	7 00
Lewis Gross, clothing	14	7 00
J J Brower carpets	14	7 00
Moyer Bros, wholesale drug store	7	40 00
Alexander Bros & Co, tobacco	11	12 00
R Y White & Co, grain dealers	12	12 50
Charles Krug, lumber, coal and slate	14	7 00
Joseph Garrison, flour and feed	14	7 00
W E Knorr, tobacco	14	7 00
C W Brown, grocery	14	7 00
C S Bound, grocery	14	7 00
J H Stecker, store	14	7 00
Creasy & Wells, lumber	14	7 00
John Wolf, dealer	14	7 00
D Girton, 4 billiard and pool tables	8	60 00
Geo O Breece, grocery	14	7 00

CATAWISSA.

C E Clewell, grocery	14	7 00
M A Swank, store	14	7 00
I H Seesholtz, store	13	10 00
Hester Kistler, hotel	5	50 00
S B Rhawn, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
Stephen Baldy, store	11	15 00
John R Diemer, store	13	10 00
Geo Manhart, store	14	7 00
A S Truckenmiller, organs and machines	13	10 00
T D Berninger, furniture	10	7 00
J K Sharpless & Son's, store	14	20 00
T E Harder, furniture	13	10 00
Wm John, stoves, &c	14	7 00
J M Smith hardware and drugs	12	12 50
S D Rinard, store	14	7 00
G W Reifsnyder, store	13	10 00
C C Willets, drug store	14	7 00
C C Mendenhall, stoves, &c	14	7 00
David Giffin, coal	14	7 00
A Truckenmiller, restaurant	5	20 00
Simon Rapp, coal	14	7 00
W A Yetter, hotel	5	50 00
Joseph A Cutterman, store	14	10 00
Clark F Harder, lumber	14	7 00
J B Bibby, liquor store	13	25 00
" " bottler	5	50 00
C W Harder, lumber	14	7 00
J C F Brown, store	14	7 00
David Levine, C store	14	7 00
J H Keifer, hotel	5	50 00
E E Bile, shoe store	14	7 00
Lew Reifsnyder, 3 billiard & pool tables	8	50 00
Simons & Co, drug store	14	7 00
A L Holshue, store	14	7 00
E M Tewksbury, agent, fertilizers	14	7 00
J K Rhawn, restaurant	5	20 00
Simon Miller, boots and shoes	14	7 00

CENTRALIA.

D F Curry, hotel	5	50 00
O B Millard, store	12	12 50
A B Fortner, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
Irvin Bros, store	13	10 00
Johanna O'Conner, liquor store	13	25 00
John Goldsworthy, hotel	5	50 00
" " 1 pool table	8	30 00
Mrs Wm Peifer, hotel	5	50 00
David C Black, store	14	7 00
Andrew Lenihan, grocery	14	7 00
G W Davis, drugs	14	7 00
C G Murphy, store	13	10 00
Thomas Collins, liquor store	5	25 00
L A Riley & Co, store	3	100 00
Edward McFadden, restaurant	5	20 00
James McBrearty, hotel	5	50 00
L Fetterman, store	14	7 00
Robert Farrell, restaurant	5	20 00
H C Michael, furniture	14	7 00
Charles Fetterman, restaurant	5	20 00
Thomas Boran, restaurant	5	20 00
Geo Maley, restaurant	5	20 00
John Nurtney, liquor store	13	25 00
E J Finnerty, drug store	14	7 00
C H Getchey, store	14	7 00
M W Brennan, restaurant	5	20 00
A J McLaughlin, liquor store	13	25 00

CENTRE.

Low Bros & Co, store	14	7 00
G E Sponsler, store	14	7 00
J S Mann, hotel	5	50 00
Thos Brobst & Son, grocery	14	7 00
Z T Fowler, grain dealer	13	10 00
J L Wolverton, store	14	7 00

CONYNGHAM.

John Monroe, restaurant	5	20 00
Wm Herbert, store	14	7 00
John L Kline, hotel	5	50 00
G W Billman, hotel	5	50 00
R W Lyons, store	14	7 00

FISHINGCREEK.

J M Amerman, store	14	7 00
G M Howell, store	14	7 00
M McHenry & Bro's store	14	7 00
J F McHenry, store	14	7 00
Whitenight Bro's, store	14	7 00
Jones & Walter, store	14	7 00
David Kauff, store	14	7 00
Nathan Driesbach, store	14	7 00
B F Edgar & Co, distillery	9	15 00
Abija Lewis, store	14	7 00

FRANKLIN.

L Bucher, store	14	7 00
A & J W Artley, store	14	7 00

GREENWOOD.

A J Derr, store	14	7 00
P D Black, store	13	10 00
Ellis Eves & Bro's, store	11	15 00
Masters & Co, store	12	12 50
V P Eves & Henrie, furniture	14	7 00
C W Eves, store	14	7 00
W M Eves & Son, store	14	7 00
J E Welliver, store	14	7 00
Jacob Rantz, store	14	7 00
J L John, store	14	7 00
E E Parker, store	14	7 00

HEMLOCK.

C H Deitterick, hotel	5	50 00
H N & J E White, store	14	7 00
C M Terwilliger & Co, store	14	7 00

JACKSON.

B D Cole, store	14	7 00

LOCUST.

Yocum Bro's, store	14	7 00
Aaron Yoder, restaurant	5	20 00
Daniel F Knittle, store	14	7 00
M Seaborne, store	14	7 00
L H Daniels, store	14	7 00
Nathan Knorr, hotel	5	50 00
Wellington Yeager, hotel	5	10 00
Jacob Yeager, store	14	7 00
E H Whitner, store	14	7 00
Snyder Bro's, store	14	7 00
Wilson Yeager, hardware	14	7 00
E L Yeager, store	14	7 00

MADISON.

Wm Gingles, store	13	10 00
Kramer & Son, store	13	10 00
A K Smith, hotel	5	50 00

MAIN.

B R Yetter, hotel	5	50 00
C J Campbell, agt, store	14	7 00
W M Longenberger, store	14	7 00
Wm Knecht, store	14	7 00
A W Shuman, hotel	5	50 00

MIFFLIN.

A W Snyder, store	14	7 00
A W Hess, hotel	5	50 00
" " coal	14	7 00
N B Creasy, store	14	7 00
A C Millard, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
R J Berninger, furniture	14	7 00
H J Gearhart, store	14	7 00
Schweppenheiser & Snyder, store	14	7 00
D A Hess, coal	14	7 00

MONTOUR.

G B Hossler, store	14	7 00
Samuel Hazeldine, hotel	5	50 00
Paxton & Harman, store	14	7 00
Clinton M Reece, grocery	14	7 00
Joseph Yinger, store	13	7 00

MT. PLEASANT.

J P Sands, store	14	7 00

ORANGE.

DeLong Bro's, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
Geo Heckman, hotel	5	50 00
G P Stiner, store	14	7 00
G S Fleckenstine, store	14	7 00
G N Smith, stoves	14	7 00
White, Conner & Sloan, Ag'l Imp	14	7 00
A B Stewart store	14	7 00
A M Dewitt, store	14	7 00
J B Harman furniture	14	7 00
C W Low & Son, lumber, &c	13	10 00
Snyder & Sleppy, store	14	7 00
J M Turner, hotel	5	50 00

PINE.

R W Lyons, store	14	7 00
C R Parker, store	14	7 00

ROARINGCREEK.

O W Cherrington, store	14	7 00
Samuel Leiby, restaurant	5	20 00

SCOTT.

Moorehead & Kline, store	13	10 00
N Richart, store	14	7 00
W E Deitterick, store	14	7 00
Theodore Heck, store	14	7 00
J D Workheiser, store	14	7 00
Silver Spring Quarry Co, store	13	10 00
Silas Young, store	13	10 00
A P Howell, store	14	7 00
A B White, store	14	7 00
J L Crawford, store	14	7 00
McKamey & Kerstetter, store	14	7 00
" " " coal	14	7 00
Jacob Blosser, hotel	5	50 00
A J Thrash, hotel	5	50 00

SUGARLOAF.

Norman Cole, store	14	7 00
A Laubach & Son, store	14	7 00
J W Perry, hotel	5	50 00
A M Harvey, store	14	7 00

An appeal will be held at the Commissioners' office in Bloomsburg, on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1887, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m., where all parties who may feel aggrieved by the above classification may appear and be heard.

B. F. FRUIT,
May 9, 1887. Mercantile Appraiser.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS!

We are offering great inducements to persons desiring to purchase Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines.

A Magnificent Upright or Square Piano for $250.00 and Upwards.



A Good Double Reed Organ, Warranted, for $65.00 and Upwards.

Among the Pianos we handle are the *IVERS & POND, C. C. BRIGGS, BAUS & CO., SCHOMACKER Gold String and Opera Pianos.* These Pianos are all first-class and fully warranted for five years.

Our leading Organs are the celebrated *ESTEY, MILLER, UNITED STATES* and other makes.

Our leading Sewing Machines are the celebrated *WHITE, NEW DAVIS, NEW DOMESTIC, NEW HOME, HOUSEHOLD, ROYAL ST. JOHN and STANDARD ROTARY Sewing Machine,* the finest and best Rotary Sewing Machine in the world.

Before purchasing write for Catalogues to J. SALTZER'S PALACE OF MUSIC AND GREAT SEWING MACHINE DEPOT, Main St., Bloomsburg, Pa.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

	Wholesale.	Retail
Wheat per bushel	78 @ 80	
Rye " "	56	
Corn " "	50	65
Oats " "	35	45
Flour " bbl	4 to 5	
Butter	20	22
Eggs	12	14
Potatoes	60	70
Hams	12	16
Dried Apples	03	05
Side	07	10
Shoulder	09	12
Chickens	8	10
Geese		
Lard per lb	08	10
Vinegar per gal	20	30
Onions per bushel	60	75
Veal skins	07	
Wool per lb	35	
Hides	5 to 7	

COAL ON WHARF.

No 6 $2.00; Nos 2. 3, & Lump $3.25
No. 5 $3.00 Bituminus $3.25

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Reported by G. S. Palmer, Wholesale Commission Merchant, 166 Reade St., N. Y.

New York, May 28, 1887.

The warmer weather is now bringing forward very rapidly heavy shipments of early truck, such as strawberries from Md. and Va. Heavy importations of Bermuda onions, together with liberal receipts from New Orleans, have seriously weakened prices; selling New Orleans to-day at $2.50 per bbl. and Bermuda from $1.25 to $1.50 per crate. Peas $2.50 per bbl. Strawberries ranging from 7 to 12c per quart, according to quality. Eggs selling to-day, State and Penn. fresh, from 13 to 13½c, with fancy white leghorns from 16 to 18c. Butter in heavy supply and prices ranging for fancy creamery from 19 to 20c; choice dairy, state, pails, 18 to 19c and good 16 to 17c. Cheese, fancy, 10 to 10½c, good 9 to 9½c. Spring chickens, live, 20 to 35c and fowls 9 to 10c. Dressed spring chickens 30 to 50c; fowls 9 to 12c. Dressed pork 7 to 8c. Dressed veals, choice, 7 to 8c. Dressed spring lambs 7 to 9c. Potatoes, rose, burbank and hebron 2.50 to 2.75 per bbl. New cabbage 2.50 to $3. Russia turnips 1.25. Bermuda onions 1,50 per crate. Asparagus Jersey and Long Island, 1.25 to 2.50 per dozen, according to quality. Apples, baldwins, choice, $3 to 3.50 per bbl., russets, etc, $2 to $3. Choice medium beans 1.75 to 1.80. Marrow $2 to 2.10. White kidney 1.70 to 1.75; red 1.65 to 1.70. Pea 1.70 to 1.80. Evaporated apples firm and fancy selling 15 to 16c, with sun-dried from 4 to 6c. Cherries 8 to 10c. Raspberries 21 to 23c. Blackberries 9 to 10c. Maple sugar, choice 7 to 8c per lb., syrup 65 to 75c per gallon. Beeswax 21 to 23c. Honey, white clover, 10 to 12c. The market on hay continues high owing to the large amount destroyed by fire at the Manhattan Market last week, and selling to-day from 60 to 90c per cwt., according to quality. Straw 60 to 65c.

There are no special changes worthy of note in the market on furs.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN,

The Columbian

BLOOMSBURG, PA

FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 1887.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:14 a. m.	11:27 a. m.
3:10 p. m.	6:30 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7.12 a. m.	8:32 a. m.
11:07 a. m.	12:05 a. m.
2:24 p. m.	4:18 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:46 a. m.	11:54 a. m.
3:51 p. m.	4:19 p. m.
6.26 p. m.	5:27 p. m.

SUNDAY.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:16 a. m	6:39 p m

Reduced Rates.

Hereafter the price for publishing Executors, and administrator's notices in the COLUMBIAN will be $2.00 including a note and receipt book. No other paper in the county makes so liberal an offer.

Auditor's notices also reduced to $2.00.

SALES.

FOR SALE.—Pair of handsome bay horses six and seven years old, large and strong, good drivers and will work anywhere. Warranted sound and free from faults or blemishes are offered for sale solely for want of use. J. R. SCHUYLER.

A Fine Residence For Sale.

The executors of Mary N. Harman, deceased, offer at private sale a handsome residence on Market street above Main, Bloomsburg. The house is of brick, large pleasant rooms, steam heat, gas, water, sewerage, and all modern improvements. There is a large frame barn, ice house and outbuildings. One of the most desirable locations in the town. Terms easy.

They also offer for sale thirty-seven acres of land on Normal hill, adjoining P. Dillon's and the Hoyt estate. Can be divided into desirable building lots. For terms and particulars apply to I. W. McKelvy, one of the executors, or Geo. E. Elwell, attorney, Bloomsburg, Pa. tf

LOST.

A Wirt Fountain Pen. The finder will be suitably rewarded by calling on Rev. S. Mitchell.

FOR RENT.

Two rooms on second floor of the COLUMBIAN building, together or separately. Steam heat, gas, water on same floor. Rent low. Inquire of Geo. E. Elwell. [3t

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The Music Hall, formerly Eureka Rink, is offered for sale or rent on reasonable terms by the new manager. Parties wishing to hold festivals will do well to see the manager.
J. D. SHAFFER, Manager.

WANTED.—Six or eight men to mine soft ore. Apply to W. F. Hafer, New Columbia, Union Co., Pa. 20m6t*

Just Received.

A car-load of No. 2, 18 inch, DuBois shingles, which will be sold very cheap. Keystone Planing & Cabinet Co., near D. L. & W. depot, Bloomsburg. 2t

Committee Meeting.

The members of the Democratic Standing Committee are requested to meet in the Grand Jury room, Bloomsburg, on Saturday the 11th day of June next at 2 o'clock p.m. for the purpose of apportioning the delegates for the several election districts, and to transact such other business as shall come before them.
R. R. LITTLE, Chairman.

Personal.

James P. Thornton and wife have moved to Reading.

Hon. C. R. Buckalew is much improved in health.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Brower started for Colorado yesterday, (Thursday) to be absent about two months.

Misses Maud and Beth Runyon went to Troy, Bradford county, on Wednesday, to spend some time visiting friends there.

Mr. Frank Geddes, formerly a resident of this town, and now a druggist in Washington city, is visiting among friends in town.

J. H. Maize Esq. returned from his Delaware farm last Saturday. He will go back towards fall to look after his peach crop.

Col. Freeze has been confined to his house for the past week by a painful wound in the right eye, received while training a rose bush.

Mr. I S. Kuhn, J. Q Barkley and J. M. Staver returned Saturday last from Philadelphia, where they attended the meeting of Masons.

C. C. Snyder has moved from Jacksonville, Florida to Wilmington, Del. Mrs. Snyder expects to visit friends in this section next month.

Mr. C. F. Knapp has been spending the past two weeks in Florida. His Bible class at the Episcopal church have missed his interesting talks very much during the past two Sundays.

Messrs. Will and Arthur Clark returned from Florida on Tuesday evening. They spent the Winter there on the latter's plantation. Both seem in much better health than when they left last Fall.

Mr. Elijah Bower of Swedenboro, New Jersey, was visited last week by two of our townsmen Mr. I. S. Kuhn and J. Q. Barkley. They remained several days with him, and appreciated the many kind acts shown them by Mr. Bower while viewing the surroundings of Swedenboro.

This is our first summer issue.

Read Mercer's new advertisement.

Earthquake shocks still continue in Mexico.

J. K. Lockard has purchased a new team of horses.

Collectors' receipt books and notices for sale at this office. tf.

G. A. Herring is announced as a candidate for County Treasurer.

Wall paper hangings and handsome ceiling decorations at Clark's book store.

Samuel Shaffer has the contract for fencing Athletic Park, and has begun the work.

School boards can obtain at this office printed blanks for making out their financial statements to post up. 3t

The citizens of Lock Haven are rejoicing over the prospect of electric light soon to be introduced in that place.

Twenty-four couples of young people from Danville came up Monday night to attend the dance at Music Hall.

A notion store has been opened in Fox's building on Main street, at which almost anything desired can be obtained.

Miss Emma Aurandt, of Bloomsburg, and Mr. J. H. Hopper, of Danville, were married at Danville on Monday, May 16.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Normal school held Monday evening, William Neal was elected President of the board.

A dance was given at the United States hotel at Lightstreet on Thursday evening of last week. Quite a large crowd was present.

We announce this week the name of N. P. Moore, of Hemlock, for register and recorder. Mr. Moore has never before sought a political office.

Wall paper for 1887. The newest, best colored and most artistic designs at Clark's book store.

Towanda, Bradford county, Pa., is to have a new Opera House, which will be open to the public some time in the latter part of August.

The members of Ent Post attended the Baptist church in a body last Sunday morning. An excellent sermon was preached by Rev. J. P. Tustin.

The rain falls upon the just and unjust, and is as ready to break up a base ball game as it is to spoil a picnic for an orphan asylum.—New Orleans *Picayune.*

Wall paper hangings and ceiling decorations to produce almost any effect desired. Call and examine our stock and be convinced. Clark's book store.

Eli Robbins has in his possession a small tin chest that is more than 200 years old. It was brought from Germany, and was the property of his great great grandfather.

The Pennsylvania railroad is getting ready to tunnel under the Hudson from Jersey city to the central part of New York, where they will build a large station.

We have received a copy of *Wide Awake*, an illustrated magazine for children, for the month of June. It is beautifully bound, and well filled with pure, wholesome reading matter.

The small boys were out in full force on Decoration day. They seemed much attracted by the band and the zouaves, as these were the points around which they hovered mostly.

We publish this week the school statement of Bloom School District. Our readers will please observe closely if they wish to learn what is done with the tax for school purposes.

I invite the attention of parties who intend papering or decorating their walls or ceilings to the largest and most complete line of wall hangings or ceiling decorations in town. George A. Clark.

There is an erroneous impression about the "Saturday Half Holiday" bill. It did not become a law, having failed to pass the house as amended in the Senate.—Doylestown *Democrat.*

Music Hall, formerly the Eureka Rink, was opened last Monday evening, with quite a large crowd present. Music was furnished by Metherell's orchestra, and the evening was spent in dancing.

The painters are at work giving the outside of the building occupied by Phillips' Domestic Bakery, a bright and neat appearance. We are glad to see these improvements going on about us.

Oak Grove will soon be fitted up and put in order, in readiness for the opening of the picnic season. It will not be long until picnic parties from up the river will be coming down here to spend a pleasant day in the woods.

A Towanda paper says: "The bachelor editor of the *Review* is so very fat from high living, that in the attempt to get into a buggy in front of the postoffice the other day he upset the vehicle, and was dumped upon the ground."

Mountain Grove Camp Meeting will begin August 3rd. A large three story building 24 x 60 feet will be built on the left of the entrance to the grove. The sleeping rooms in this new building will be furnished with spring beds.

Despite the ominous appearance of the heavens on last Monday, we escaped one Decoration day without rain. The day was all that could be desired, the temperature being just about right, neither too warm nor too cool.

A game of ball was played on the base ball grounds last Monday afternoon, between a nine from the Normal school and a down town nine. The score was run up very high and the game resulted in the defeat of the town nine.

Major Ben: Perley Poore, the veteran journalist, died at 12.35 Sunday morning of apoplexy. He was one of the ablest and best known newspaper men the country has produced, and was a great literary lion for many years at Washington.

The celebration of the Centennial of the adoption of the Constitution of the United States will take place in Philadelphia in September. The State has appropriated $100,000 for the purpose and the Governor is to appoint a committee of arrangements.

The court scene in the "Merchant of Venice" (Shakespeare) will be rendered this (Thursday) evening at the Lutheran church. Other appropriate exercises will be given. Doors open at half-past seven, exercises begin promptly at eight o'clock.

We were treated Saturday last to two large trout, caught by J. J. McHenry, of Benton. They both measured fourteen inches long. Mr. McHenry is certainly an expert in trout fishing. He takes only the large ones, as they are found in the streams about Benton.

We have lying on our table a copy of "The Cadet," a bright little eight-page paper, published at Selwyn Hall, the Episcopal Diocesan School of Central Pennsylvania. It has a handsome cover, and is well stocked with good reading matter. The motto is "Audacter et Sincere."

A wonderful map of the heavens is in process of preparation by international astronomers. It will be composed of from 1,800 to 2,000 sheets, and will give exact impressions of all the groups of stars, 100,000,000 of which, according to statistics complied, exist in the firmament.

Judge Murphy is kept very busy selling goods to his numerous customers at his Centralia store, but he is never so busy but that he has time to accomodate his friends. He is a public spirited citizen, a successful merchant, and one of the most intelligent associate judges this county has ever had.

Mr. J. J. Brower has associated with him in the carpet business, his grandson, W. H. Brower. Business under the new firm began June 1st in the name of J. J. & W. H. Brower. The young man has been with his grandfather in the store at various times and is thoroughly acquainted with the business.

A monument, erected as a tribute to the Defenders of the Republic, was unveiled at Williamsport on Decoration day. It consists of a pedestal, on which stands a soldier at "parade rest." It was erected by the Reno Post, No. 64 G. A. R., with the aid of the Veteran Corps, Twelfth Regiment, N. G. P.

Mr. Wesley Hess of Lime Ridge, who has been complaining for some months past, and who repeatedly spoke of taking his life was removed to Danville Hospital Thursday, by the advice of the family physician who said he had done all for him he could. His numerous friends sympathize with him and family in this affliction.

Window shades, plain or dado, either mounted or without fixtures as you prefer, at Clark's book store.

J. B. McHenry, proprietor of the McHenry House, Benton, will give a trout dinner, Saturday, June 11, to which the public is invited. Provision will be made to secure a large and good supply of trout, and all will be provided with a satiety. Price of dinner is fixed at only $1.00 per couple.

During the afternoon performance at Barnum's show at Allentown last Saturday a terrific wind storm arose and struck the tent. A panic ensued, and the scene was one of intense excitement. Fortunately, no one was seriously injured, although there were ten thousand people in the tent.

C. O. Cross is the proprietor and manufacturer of a preparation called the Great Scandinavian Renovator. It is highly recommended for removing dirt, grease and stains from silk, satin, and woolen goods. It is also said to be very efficient in softening the hands, removing pimples, sunburn, etc. A large bottle costs but 25 cents.

Col. B. K. Jamison and party, who stopped at the Exchange Hotel Wednesday night of last week, had travelled all the way from Philadelphia in the tally-ho "Rambler." They started out Thursday evening in the coach with their four-horse team, and after driving around town a short time, set out in the direction of Danville.

John Gordner has been arrested at Scranton and plead guilty in court, and now languishes behind the bars. It will be remembered that some time ago Gordner drove a horse and wagon into the county and sold it to D. Morris of Numidia. It proved to be stolen property and was replevied by the owner. It is for this offense that Gordner now suffers.

Several parties from town attended the concerts given by Gilmore's band in the new Armory at Wilkes-Barre last Friday. Their music is certainly grand, and well worth going that distance to hear. The building in which the concerts were given is not quite completed yet, but when it is it will be a magnificent structure. It is designed for the use of the regiment there.

The congregation of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal church propose to furnish the dinner at the County Fair in October, the proceeds to be devoted to putting the public steam in their church. This is an object which will commend itself to all, and it is confidently expected that there will be a general co-operation on the part of the whole congregation to accomplish this desirable result.

E. T. Gould & Co. are doing quite a large business in the manufacture of the Invalid Rest Bed Spring. The springs are carefully made and give general satisfaction. Agencies are being established in all the larger towns and the sales increasing daily. It will be but a short time until extra help must be employed in making them. Mr. Gould is a wide-awake energetic man, and will make his business grow.

A meeting of the Board of Trade was held last Monday night. A new spirit was infused into the organization, and steps were taken to present the advantages of Bloomsburg to manufacturers by advertising. The board has not gone out of business by any means. What it needs is more frequent meetings, and a better attendance by those interested in the prosperity of the town. Its labors must eventually result in good.

Mr. James Cadman and son Boyd went to Hazleton Monday with their wheels to attend a meet of wheelmen under the auspices of the Hazleton Bicycle Club. From Hazleton the party went down to Audenreid to witness an exhibition of fancy riding by Mr. Fred Coningsby, of Philadelphia. After returning to Hazleton and taking a good dinner at the Central Hotel there was a grand street parade headed by Boyd Cadman. About fifty wheelmen were in line.

A pension swindler named T. A. Rayburn, was arrested in Sponsler's store at Lime Ridge, on Friday of last week, by Constable Hess. The constable called for assistance, just as Mr. J. S. Mann, the landlord, stepped in the door in front of the swindler. Rayburn drew his revolver, when Mr. Mann caught hold of the barrel and attempted to take it from him. The revolver was discharged, the ball passing between Mr. Mann's fingers. The revolver was taken from him. In default of $5000 bail the prisoner was committed to the Luzerne county jail to await trial.

Mr. A. H. Sweppenheiser of Lime Ridge lost two valuable Jersey cows Friday of last week. The door to the feed room was carelessly left open by the servant girl, and the cows found their way to the feed box and ate about four bushels of bran and chop. They lived about fifteen hours after eating. Every effort was made to save them but without avail. The one cow was kept from drinking water but it had no effect as she died first. Neither of them bloated but the bran and chop hardened in them as was found upon examination.

We received last week a communication from Centralia signed "A Citizen," and containing also what purported to be the name of the writer, but not for publication. The writing looked like an assumed hand, and as the article criticised some of the officials of Centralia, we took the precaution to make some inquiries, and found that there is no such name registered as the one signed to this article. If the allegations made by the writer are true, he ought to have the courage to allow the use of his name, but if he will satisfy us of his identity we will print his article. As it looks now, however, he has attempted to impose on us by signing a name that is unknown in Centralia, and we therefore have no assurance that his communication is reliable, and refuse to print it until we are satisfied as to its genuineness.

We print this week on our first page the text of what should be our new revenue law, but owing to the work of business during the last few days of the legislative session the president or the president pro tem of the senate neglected to affix his signature. Under the Constitution no bill can become a law without the signature of the President of the senate before it reaches the Executive Department. The Governor was very anxious to sign the bill and have it become a law as there are very important features in it, but there seems to be no way out of it but to call an extra session. It is possible this may be done. Under the act of 1885 judgments and mortgages of individuals are taxed while corporations are exempt. The new law would have taxed corporations. It therefore looks somewhat as if some corporations had a hand in preventing the president of the senate from affixing his signature.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending May 31, 1887:

Wilson Ager, (2,) Miss M. R. Armstrong, Mr. A. P. Chapman, Charles Debay, Miss Delia Dernin, (snip,) Miss Lillie A. Funk, Thomas Lewis, W. C. Rhinelander, Miss Sarah A. Shannon, Philip Unangst, Walter K. Wilkins, M. D.

Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised."
GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

Window fixtures, spring balance or spring top, lower than ever before, at George A. Clark's.

The Bradford *Argus* says: "The *mosquito* has made his appearance." Probably this is a new brand of the insect, which only makes his appearance in the northern part of the State. We have a different way of spelling him down here.

A number of young men from Pittston spent Sunday in town. They rode all the way on their bicycles, stopping Saturday night in Berwick, and came from Berwick to this place on Sunday morning, arriving here about 10 o'clock. They put up at the Exchange and were entertained by members of the Bicycle Club of town. They are a set of gentlemanly young fellows, and were well liked by the Bloom boys.

As a large wagon filled with lumber was coming up on Iron street on Tuesday morning, drawn by four horses, the horses became frightened at a wheelbarrow load of household goods going by, and turned short up the bank, breaking the pole of the wagon, but not otherwise damaging it. It was some time before the horses could be quieted, but it was finally done, and after the wagon was repaired they started off all right.

Harrie Pursel, the Exchange hotel barber, has received from Col. Sanders, an old soldier living at Laurel Run, near Wilkes-barre, a large rattlesnake skin, which has been nailed to one side of the case in his barber shop where it can be seen by his customers. The rattlesnake had ten rattles and was between three and four feet long. The Colonel is an expert rattlesnake killer, and keeps the country about Laurel Run free from them.

C. E. Reice's little daughter met with an accident last week, which might have proved serious. One of our merchants was burning empty boxes and after they were about burned he left them, when the children began jumping over the little fire yet remaining. This little girl followed the actions of the boys and in jumping over her clothing caught fire. She was discovered at once and the fire extinguished before much injury was done.

C. Mears & Son's Perfect Washer is rapidly finding its way into the homes of the people in this section. Those using the washers pronounce them first-class, and would not part with them for any other now made. It is certainly a labor saving invention that comes as a boon to the ladies. The proprietors recently made arrangements with John Wanamaker and we look for him soon to push it with all the tact he seems so peculiarly gifted with.

The Patrons Inter-County Phosphate Association will hold its next meeting in A. J. Evans' hall, Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, the tenth day of June, at 10 o'clock a. m. Addresses will be delivered by practical members. Arrangements will be made for purchases of fertilizers. The subject of selling our produce will be discussed, &c. All fourth degree members are cordially invited.
J. K. MURRY,
Vice Pres.

Some of the Pottsville capitalists have made arrangements with the Phoenix Manufacturing Company, of Patterson for the erection of a large silk mill at Pottsville. The mill will employ from 600 to 1000 hands. We should have works of this character at Bloomsburg, we have all the modern improvements—plenty of land for erecting buildings and with the addition of a bridge would have good shipping facilities. Our capitalists could not do better than invest in a silk mill.

Mr. Will Mercer, a hardware clerk for J. R. Schuyler & Co., met with a serious accident on Monday. While unpacking a box of scythes Monday afternoon he cut a portion of one of his fingers, one-half of the finger being taken off from the second joint to the tip of the finger. In drawing his hand out of the box his finger caught on one of the scythes, which took the piece off. The pain was so severe that Mr. Mercer fainted. He was treated by Drs. McKelvy and Arment.

The cold wave the last few days of May was severe on those who parted with their stoves and heaters after connecting with the steam. The steam company had made contract to furnish heat to the first of June, but during the warm season of the last two weeks they drew out the fire from the boilers, thinking that warm weather would continue, little dreaming of such cold weather in a few days. They should have provided for these sudden changes at least until the expiratian of the contracts, as many may suffer with severe colds, brought on by this exposure.

Though the apple trees blossomed very profusely, every orchard in the county having a few weeks ago stood transformed into a bower of glorious beauty, only a light crop of fruit can this year be looked for. It is now over fifty years since observing orchardists noticed that American apple trees bear their heaviest crop in the even years, and their lightest in the odd years. Last year, which was even numbered, the crop was a very heavy one, the biggest in many years, and hence, this being an odd-numbered year, we can expect only a light crop the coming season.

Eli Robbins of Fishingcreek has the agency for Columbia county for the Excelsior Gas Burner. It can be used on any coal oil lamp, and the light is bright and cheerful. Gas is generated from the fluid in the lamp, the recipe for which is given to every purchaser. It is non-explosive, and the flame appears in six jets through small perforations around the burner. The fluid costs but six cents a gallon, and an ordinary lamp will burn two evenings. Mr. Robbins will canvass the county. He has already made many sales.

H. V. White & Co. have added to their business the agency for the best known agricultural implements and machinery, and have samples on exhibition at their ware house and yard on Seventh street, near the D. L. & W. depot. Their line embraces all the Buckeye machinery, drills, cultivators, hay rakes, lawn mowers, force pumps, engines, threshers, clover hullers, saw mills, corn and feed mills, farm and road wagons, &c., all of the best make. They have no traveling expenses to pay, and so can sell their goods at bottom prices. They are fair dealers and their patrons can rely on them for a bargain. Creasy & Aikman are the agents at Lightstreet.

We have received a copy of the *Aryan Review*, published at each re-union of the Aryan Society of the West Chester State Normal School. We notice in it a photo-engraving of J. P. Welsh, A. M., Professor of English in the State Normal School at West Chester. In the brief sketch given Prof. Welsh is referred to in the most glowing terms and of the great esteem in which he is held by the scholars. There is a hint given that some day we may expect him to be the author of a text book on English grammar, as he seems to have a peculiar gift of imparting instruction in this branch. Mr. Welsh was a member of the class of 1876 of the Bloomsburg Normal School, and is a son of Abner Welsh, of Orangeville. We are pleased to note his success.

Decoration Day in Bloomsburg.

THE G. A. R. DECORATE GRAVES IN AND ABOUT TOWN.

Early on Monday morning last the members of Ent Post gathered at their hall on Main street, and shortly after eight o'clock took their departure for the different places at which they were to assist in the decorating of their comrades' graves. The procession, consisting of ten wagons containing the members of the G. A. R. and headed by a wagon containing a drum corps, started up Main street, with flags flying in the morning breeze. A detail went to Vanderslice's grave-yard, and after decorating the graves there, proceeded to Light-street. The main body went to Afton, from which place a detail was sent to Hidlay's grave-yard, and the whole body met again in Light Street, where services were held shortly after eleven o'clock. They then returned to Bloomsburg.

About twelve o'clock Main street began to fill with people, and at half past two, the time appointed for the parade to assemble, the street was perfectly jammed and it was next to impossible to force a way through the crowd. About two o'clock the different organizations which were to take part in the parade began to assemble on Market square and upper Market street, and at 2.30 the procession formed, countermarched at the head of Market street, and marched up Main to the Normal School, where the literary societies at the school fell into line. The procession then marched down Main street and up Centre to the grave-yard in the following order:

Marshals,
Bloomsburg Cornet Band,
Jackson Post, Berwick,
Ent Post, Bloomsburg,
Girls carrying flowers,
Philologian Literary Society,
Calliepian Literary Society,
Zouaves with guns,
Rescue Hook and Ladder Company.

At Rosemont cemetery flowers were strewn on the soldiers' graves, and an eloquent address was delivered by Rev. M. L. Ganoe. The exercises were interspersed with patriotic songs, which were all well rendered. After the exercises were over at the cemetery, the soldiers, headed by the band, marched down to Market square, and broke ranks in front of the hall, after military ceremonies had been gone through with on Main street.

The exercises throughout were well conducted and those who were in charge deserve credit for the way they were carried through. The ceremony of decorating the graves of soldiers who fell in battle is one which should never be given up, or interest in it abate in the least. Let the fallen heroes be brought freshly to the memory of all by this yearly strewing flowers upon their graves.

Memorial Day at Centralia.

Monday, May 30, was a day to which Centralia can point with pride. It was the first observance of Memorial day, and was done with much credit. Mr. James Dyke, chairman of committee of arrangements, had a few days previous erected a handsome liberty pole. The people from surrounding places assembled and filled the streets, and avenues with people. The houses generally were decorated with flags and bunting. Music was furnished by Quartette, M. E. Choir and Centralia band. The parade formed at nine o'clock on Main street with right resting on Locust avenue in the following order:

Veterans and Sons of Veterans.
P. O. S. of A.
I. O. O. F.
Other Civic Societies.
Citizens.

The route of the parade was up Locust avenue to Catholic church, and decorated the graves in the Catholic cemetery, then across to the other cemetery and decorated the graves there, afterward countermarched to North street, where the Liberty pole was raised. Here the following program was observed: Music by the orchestra, prayer by Rev. J. W. Buckley, vocal music by Glee Club. Oration by L. S. Wintersteen, Esq., of Bloomsburg. Music by M. E. Choir. Short addresses were then given by various citizens, followed with music by Orchestra and M. E. Choir, prayer and doxology.

Thus ended the first Memorial day in Centralia.

Miner's Hospital Concert.

An association has been formed in the Columbia and Schuylkill mining regions for the very laudable purpose of raising funds to establish a library at the Miners' Hospital at Ashland. Among those active in the movement are C. G Murphy, L. A. Riley and Capt. E. Reese of Centralia. As one means of raising money, a series of concerts has been given. The first was at Centralia last Saturday night, the second at Ashland on Monday night, and the third at Pottsville on Tuesday night. Tickets were sold at fifty cents each, and 800 were disposed of at Centralia. It was the privilege of the writer to attend the entertainment at Ashland. The opera house was crowded and standing room only could be secured. The program consisted of musical selections by Laubensteine's orchestra, singing by the Girardville and Ashland Glee Clubs, and vocal solos by Miss Rachel Reese, Prof. Apmadoc and Geo. W. Gearhart. It was a highly creditable performance throughout and the amateurs may congratulate themselves upon their success. Prof. Apmadoc is from Utica, N. Y. and he was the only professional singer in the company. But the bright particular star of the evening was Miss Reese, daughter of Capt. E. Reese of Centralia She is a pupil of Prof. Apmadoc, and her highly cultivated voice reflects credit on both teacher and pupil. Miss Reese captured the audience with the first note she uttered, and she held their wrapt attention all through the programme. Her voice is not strong, but it is rich, sweet and sympathetic, and every note is accurate. Her manner upon the stage is most pleasing, and there is not the slightest affectation in her singing. She is certainly an accomplished vocalist.

The library fund will realize over a thousand dollars out of these entertainments.

Why Americans Grow Bald.

"People become bald from washing the head," said a prominent barber. "The use of water on the scalp may make a notice that the hair becomes dry and brittle afterward. The water and subsequent rubbing with a towel dry up the oil in the roots, and in time the hair becomes dead and drops out. In England people never think of washing the hair. A good comb and stiff brush are all that are needed to keep the head clean. The women often spend hours in combing out the hair, and that it is the most laborious part of a maid's work. Instead of shampooning, English barbers use a machine shaped like a little barrel covered with stiff bristles. This is run by a small gas engine, and will winnow every speck of dirt out of a man's head in a few minutes."

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED! Not by any secret remedy, but by proper, healthful exercise, and the judicious use of Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites, which contains the healing and strength-giving virtues of these two valuable specifics in their fullest form. Prescribed by physicians. Take no other.

East Benton.

Reuben L Davis, of this township, informed us some time ago that he ploughed eighteen acres of ground this Spring, six of which was sowed with oats, planted six with corn, and intends sowing the balance with buckwheat. How many seventy-six-years veteran farmers in Columbia county can boast of such agricultural feats?

Lightning struck into a pear tree, standing about eight feet from A. R. Stine's dwelling last week, giving the family a terrible shock.

Dr. T. S. Chapin, of Benton, dentist, has fully recovered from the effects of hemorrhage at the nose and is pursuing his vocation, feeling better than for many years. His recovery was for a long time in doubt.

The new history of Columbia and Montour counties, in some shape or other, gives universal satisfaction; but the people are not at all pleased with it. It is only a repetition of a good "humbug" played upon the people. Some got books that did not subscribe for them and paid $12 for them, too. How is that "for high."

Wm. Ipher, of this place, lost another milch cow last week. This is the second one he lost this Spring.

Last Sunday a week, while Ezra Wilson and family, of Cambra, were returning from church at Hamline, when crossing the bridge over the east branch of Ravencreek, near Judge Krickbaum's, there was a crash, upset and splash, in water and mud, children and parents promiscuously mixed with debris of broken bridge, sleepers and plank, and after a great deal of trouble from the wreck without serious injury, other than a universal coat of mud that characterized the event, both of team, vehicle and their occupants. The bridge being high the only wonder is that some of the family were not killed.

Last Saturday afternoon and night, Warren McHenry, of Cambra, was attacked by a pricking sensation all over his body which caused convulsions of a serious nature, but at last accounts he was improving.

B. & S. Railroad Notes.

Rails are now laid about as far as the Irondale furnace.

About one hundred people rode from the Woolen mill to the water works on the train Tuesday.

Nearly one hundred kegs of railroad spikes were unloaded near the engine house on Tuesday morning.

The first train was run over the road Tuesday morning as far as the engine house of the water works. It consisted of engine No. 233 of the D. L. & W. road, and six cars, four platform cars, a freight car loaded with railroad spikes, and a car load of rails.

On Friday last M'Killip took an instantaneous view of an explosion of rock on the road at the rocks below town. Such work requires the most complete apparatus, and the highest skill of the art.

The road bed is now completed as far as Benton and ready to lay ties and rails. If weather permits so that work can be pushed as rapidly as commenced, rails should be laid as far as Benton by the middle of July or first of August.

The whole of the Irondale road bed, along the foot of the rocks, was blown out last week. A great many holes had been drilled, dynamite cartridges put in, and they were set off with an electric battery, a great many at a time, last week. It made tremendous explosions, which were heard all over the town.

A Free Ballot for All.

At the Evangelical festival, to be held in Music Hall, formerly the Rink, on Friday and Saturday evenings of this week, an opportunity will be afforded every man, woman, and child, to vote his or her preference, for the following Presidential aspirants of the five political parties, to-wit: Democratic, Grover Cleveland; Republican, James G. Blaine; Prohibition, J. P. St. John; Labor Reform, B. F. Butler; Woman Suffragist, Belva Lockwood.

All who buy ice-cream or strawberries, will be furnished with a ticket on which the name of their favorite candidate is printed. A five cent ticket counts one vote, a ten cent ticket counts two votes. A correct record of the votes of each candidate will be kept, and the result publicly announced. An interesting time is anticipated. A cordial invitation and a hearty welcome is extended to all.

A Great Show in the Sky.

There is no more attractive spectacle in sight from this planet at present than the celestial levee that Venus is holding in the evening sky, with the assistance of Saturn and those famous brothers, Castor and Pollux. Venus is beyond all comparison the brightest of the group, yet Saturn is some 750 times as large as Venus. But he is upward of ten times as far from the earth as Venus is, and proportionately still further from the sun, and it is the combination of these things that makes his light so pale in comparison with hers. Both of the planets outshine their companions, Castor and Pollux, and here again the element of distance comes in to mislead. The fact is, if Castor and Pollux were as near to us as either Venus or Saturn they would turn night into day upon the earth, for they are suns, and big ones, too.

Three Effects.

The thousands of remarkable cures which have been accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla are due simply to three effects which this great medicine has upon those who take it:

First. It purifies the blood.

Second. It strengthens the system.

Third. It gives healthy action to the digestive organs.

With these three effects no disease can long retain its hold. It is forced to leave the system, giving place to health and strength, through the potent influences of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists.

Public Picnic.

A public picnic will be given at Rupert Grove, Saturday, June 11. Admission free and a cordial invitation is given to all to attend. Ice cream and all refreshments will be served on the ground. Music will be furnished by Prof. Metherell's orchestra.

ENJOY LIFE.—What a truly beautiful world we live in! Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means of enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worn out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof, that *Green's August Flower*, will make them free from disease, as when born. Dyspepsia and liver complaint are the direct causes of seventy-five per cent. of such maladies as biliousness, indigestion, sick headache, costiveness, nervous prostration, dizziness of the head, palpitation of the heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of *August Flower* will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottles, 10 cts. Try it. jan 281y87eow.

A perfect washing machine has never been invented, but a perfect washing soap has. Dreydoppel's Borax Soap is as near perfection as it is possible to attain, and the price is very reasonable. 4tm27

Shipping tags, with or without strings at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Mifflin.

Memorial day was appropriately observed here Monday morning.

The cornerstone laying of the St. Matthew's Reformed Church attracted quite a number of people to this place.

The Methodist Church is being repaired and handsomely painted inside.

Geo. B. Swank is certainly to be congratulated on receiving the position at Riverside station, P. R. R. George is worthy of any position or trust, and is the best penman in these surroundings.

H. J. Gearhart, the Hetlerville merchant, took a trip to New York last week.

S. M. Hetler is home and drives those ponies as fast as ever.

I. L. Snyder has decided to study the science of Electricity, and is holding forth at Sugarloaf, Luzerne county, on the new line of the Penna. R. R.

Among the visitors to this place we notice Mrs. Rosetta Heslet and daughter, of Allenwood, Union county, Mrs. Dora Welsh, of Watsontown, Fred. Hess, of Binghamton, N. Y., and Harry Fahringer, of Luzerne county.

The widow of Samuel Beck has moved with her daughter, Mrs. Hartzel, and Joseph Beck has moved in the old home.

S. C. Huffnagle lost another horse last week. This is the second valuable horse that died for him this Spring.

Miss Mattie Kunkle, who has been living with grandparents, C. Klingaman, has returned to Mill Grove.

The repairs and repainting of Dr. Montgomery's house gives it a very elegant appearance. The finest residence in the city.

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, May 30, 1887.

You can order what you want by mail, if you can't come to the store yourself.

There's just as much art in the coarse Hamburg Embroideries as in the finest we've got. The designs are as handsome. The same kind of a machine takes every stitch. If there were a few more stitches in each pattern the price would be twice, three times, maybe four times what it now is.

You'll be surprised when you see these Hamburgs that so little money'll buy them.
Flouncings, 35c. to $1.25.
½ Flouncings, 25 to 75c.
All-overs, 25 to 50c.
Narrows, 2 to 10c.

For light stubbing around, climbing hills, tramping on sand or grass, there's nothing for the hot months better than Canvas Shoes, leather or rubber solee.

Women's, Misses', Men's, or Boys' Canvas, $1.75 to $2. Children's, $1.25 to $1.75.

Straw Slippers, daintily turned, light enough for fairy feet, cool, cosy. You think of Cinderella. No finer work of the kind was ever done. Black and fancy colors, $1.50. Precisely the same styles that sold last year $2.50 to $4. *These slippers will not be sent out on approval, and will only be exchanged for a different size.*

Saves money and worry to buy the Underwear things ready-made. Overstocked manufacturers want cash, that's our—your—opportunity.

Dressing Sacques, many styles, 40 cents to $10. Muslin Skirts, tucked or embroidered ruffle, 75 cents to $1.25. Extra sizes from $1 to $5.

Nurses' Aprons and Caps. Latest designs in Lace-trimmed Underwear. Whatever else you'll be likely to look for.

Two special items in Fowne's (London) Silk Mitts: Black pure Silk Jersey Mitts, open-work face, 37½ cents. Black extra quality pure Silk Jersey Mitts, 50 cents. These mitts are strikingly different from usual goods at the prices.

Amateur Athletes. Tender hands, of course. Blisters, jams, arnica, misery, of course. Why either? Read the answer in the new "Bicycle Gloves." Just as good for ball playing or rowing. $1.25.

Mexican Hammocks. The most reliable. Weather proof, fast colors. 14 feet long, 6 feet wide; weigh 4 pounds. White or colored. $1.25. You'll be asked $1.50 for a shorter, lighter, poorer Mexican Hammock in some of the stores.

More of the men's Linen-all-the-way-through Collars and Cuffs have come from Virgoe, Middleton, & Co., London. Collars 25 cents, Cuffs 40 cents. It's a wonder where so many of them go!

Summer stationery in convenient form for Tourists. In writing papers "Tuxedo," "Westmoreland," "Zitka" and 150 other popular grades in boxes, 12 cents to $1.50. The New papers by the quire or ream, with latest shapes in envelopes. Short notice orders get special care.

Not fit alone, you want fit and quality in clothes. They are poor, mean things (common enough, too) in which you get just a little of either, The fit is easy to judge; you must be cloth-wise to know quality. Eyes and fingers must be trained. How many of you have eyes and fingers trained in that way? You must trust somebody.

Man or Boy, we've the Clothes for rough or for best in every stuff that's suited to the season.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market streets, and City-hall square.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Wall St., N. Y.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Full line of Wash Dress Goods, Batistes, Seersuckers, Satteens, Lawns, Crepelline, Jackanets, Zephyrs, Ginghams, &c., at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Vey handsome Batiste, in entirely new styles, at Sloan's.

Felt Lanchequins, Tidies, Table Scarfs, &c., at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Having just received a cylinder for finishing silks and cloths, I am prepared to clean and dye gents' clothing, ladies' cloaks, sacques, silks, dresses, shawls, &c. Feathers dyed and curled. Packages forwarded by express will receive prompt attention, according to directions. Call or address, J. O. Caswell, dyer, Bloomsburg Woolen Mills. sep24-tf.

Ladies' Cashmere Shawls and Scarfs at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Don't forget the Ladies Lisle Thread Gloves at 17c., and Children's Silk Mitts for 17c. at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Very handsome Cream Dress Goods, all wool, 40 inches wide, at 50c. Also, Cream Dress Flannels, at Sloan's.

A new lot of Swiss Embroideries in this week at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

New Crinkled Seersuckers—Cream and Red, Cream and Blue, 10c. at Sloan's.

Ladies' and misses' Silk Mitts, in all colors, at Sloan's.

Our Children's Black Hose all have solid white feet. Sloan.

The 5c. Lawns at I. W. Hartman & Son's are good style.

M'Killip, Photographer and Crayon Artist, Bloomsburg Pa. Fine Cabinet Portraits, only $3 a dozen. Instantaneous process used.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Boils, pimples, hives, ringworm, tetter, and all other manifestations of impure blood are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

LOST AND FOUND.—A reward for the man that presents a better thing than the *Hop Plasters* for all pains, aches and weaknesses. Soothes, strengthens and vitalizes the parts 25c. Hop Plaster Co., signature on back of plaster. Observe it.

DARBYS PROPHYLACTIC FLUID.—Use it in every sick-room. Will keep the atmosphere pure and wholesome; removing all bad odors from any source.
Will destroy all disease germs, infection from all fevers, and all contagious diseases.
The eminent physician, J. Marion Sims, M. D., New York, says: "I am convinced that Prof Darbys Prophylactic Fluid is a most valuable disinfectant."

A sound body and a contented mind are necessary to perfect happiness. If you wish to possess these, cleanse your blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is perfectly safe to take, and is a thoroughly reliable, highly concentrated, and powerful blood purifier.

PHYSICIANS WINE OF THE OPORTO GRAPE. Physicians say they have been using Speer's Port Grape Wine for years to the entire satisfaction of their patients and themselves, and take great pleasure in recommending the Port Burgundy and Claret to the public as the most reliable they can find. The Port is especially recommended for consumptives, the aged and for females generally. For sale by druggists.

DRUNKENNESS, OR LIQUOR HABIT, CAN BE CURED BY ADMINISTERING DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.—It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence Golden Specific Co., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio. dec 3 86 1y.

AN IMPERATIVE NECESSITY.—What pure air is to an unhealthy locality, what spring cleaning is to the neat housekeeper, so is Hood's Sarsaparilla to everybody, at this season. The body needs to be thoroughly renovated; the blood purified and vitalized, the germs of disease destroyed. Scrofula, salt rheum, and all other blood disorders are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the most popular and successful spring medicine.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

TO PRESERVE NATURAL FLOWERS.—Dip the flowers in melted paraffine, withdrawing them quickly. The liquid should be only just hot enough to maintain its fluidity and the flowers should be dipped one at a time, held by the stocks and moved about for an instant to get rid of air bubbles. Fresh cut flowers, free from moisture, make excellent specimens in this way. If you would preserve your health and invigorate your entire system use Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. For sale by C. B. Robbins, Bloomsburg, Pa. [eow.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, ss:
Among the records and proceedings of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, it is inter alia, thus contained:

In the matter of the Estate of Jacob Demott, dec'd. } And now May 2, 1887, upon motion of Messrs. Boyer and McDevitt, att'ys for Exceptions to account filed, the Court appoints N. U. Funk, Esq., auditor, to re-state account, pass upon the exceptions filed, and make distribution, according to law.
BY THE COURT.

Certified from the records this 31st day of May, A. D. 1887.
WM. SNYDER, Clerk of O. C.

The undersigned will attend to the duties of the foregoing appointment at his office, in the town of Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 20th day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties interested are requested to present their claims before the undersigned, or be forever after debarred from coming in upon the said fund.
may27. N. U. FUNK, Auditor.

A Ride on the Wild Irishman.

The wild Irishman is the fast train which carries the American mails from London to Holyhead, *en route* to Dublin and Queenstown. It drives down from Euston to Chester at a speed of forty miles or more an hour, and issuing from that quaint, gabled, and galleried city through a gap in the splendid walls, it continues on its course to Holyhead along the picturesque shore of North Wales.

Many Americans travel by it, as in leaving or in joining the Atlantic steamer at Queenstown they can save several hours by taking this route, but it is usually night when they are borne along, and the journey finds no dwelling place in their memories. Precipitous cliffs frown down upon the meteor-like train; on one side are the stormy waters of the St. George's Channel, and on the other the mountains descend without any intervening foot-hills; but by means of tunnels, embankments and viaducts every natural obstacle in the route of the Wild Irishman has been overcome.

The distance between Chester and Holyhead is accomplished in less than two hours; a tubular bridge spans the Menai Strait, the ferrying of which formerly led to many tragedies; another bridge is hung over the Conway River, and Penmaenmawr is pierced by a tunnel, through which the train winds like a ring through the nose of a savage.

When the train leaves Chester it almost immediately crosses the boundary line between Cheshire and Nort Wales and for the rest of the distance to Holyhead it is in that country. The Dee is visible out of the carriage windows, like a brazen serpent crawling over a desert of mud and sand.

On the other side of the train lies a country of increasing hilliness—a landscape like that of England, with trim hedge rows, thatched cottages, and the solid looking sculpturesque foliage which is a sort of atonement for the persistent humidity of the climate. Hawarden, Mr. Gladstone's seat, is about two miles off the line, and about twenty minutes after leaving Chester the train runs close against the walls of Flint Castle—a gaunt mass of naked rock, upon which decay has set no sign of regret, and age has put no assuaging mantle. The castle was built by Edward I, and Shakespeare has made its "rude ribs" and "tattered" battlements one of the scenes in his play of *Richard II.*

Behind the hills which slope down to Flint is Holywell, a town which derives its name from a miraculously copious spring, of such efficacy in healing that the beautiful gothic shrine built over it, and ascribed to the generosity of the mother of Henry VII., is hung with the crutches and trusses of those who have been cured by bathing in it.

The Wild Irishman scarcely slackens its speed at Rhyl, the flat and rectangular little watering-place whose noisy excursionists from Lancashire and Yorkshire bathe in a yellow mixture of mud washed down from Lancashire and Yorkshire bathe in a yellow mixture of mud washed down from the Dee and the Mersey. But presently we cross a river which, flowing down from between high hills, empties into the sea within sight of the train, at a point where a massive headland juts outward and reaching the farther side, we are borne under the shadow of a cliff-like wall. We look out and up, and there are towers, battlements, and parapets. These are so high, and the train is so close to the base, that we have to almost dislocate our neck in order to see the summit. It is a castle, not a cliff; but it seems to grow out of the rock upon which it stands, and when it was built nature and art joined hands to give it a double strength.

When Edward I. had conquered the Welsh he built three great castles to keep the vanquished down, and though dismantled and despoiled, they are still very substantial examples of the architecture of his time: one is at Carnarvon, another at Beaumaris, and the third is this at Conway, the common name of the river which we have just crossed, the castle, and the little town which lies under the castle, shut within a harp-shaped wall which formerly had twenty-four round towers.

A minute or two after the train leaves Conway the mountains begin to crowd down upon the Wild Irishman, and threaten to shove the line into the sea. It is these that the traveller from America sees from the deck of the ocean steamer as she passes up the St. George's Channel to Liverpool. They are a northern spur of the Snowdon range, and among the huddled masses rises one, a very Gibraltar of a peak, higher than all the rest.

Once again we are in darkness, but this time the reverberations are not those of a tunnel. The sounds are hollow and metallic; we are crossing the strait by the vast tubular bridge which Stephenson built between 1846 and 1850, and which put an end to the frequent accidents that had previously occured to passengers crossing by the ferry. The Brittannia Bridge, as it is called, consists of eight tubes resting on three towers, and it spans the stream at a height of 104 feet. It is 1841 feet long, and the tubes are said to contain 11,400 tons of iron. Some fellow-passenger is sure to put us in possession of these dimensions, but we who have seen the Brooklyn bridge can listen unmoved, and give him in return the statistics of a much greater achievement.

One end of the bridge—that by which we enter—is in Carnarvonshire, and when we reach the other we are in the island of Anglesey, the Mona of early English history, and the last refuge of the Druids. It is not a very large island, only twenty miles from north to south, and twenty-eight miles from east to west. The surface is rolling and (if such a word can be employed to describe anything in nature) commonplace, but, except in the straits, the seaward edge is a long line of cliffs of varying height, at whose feet many a ship has come to grief. There are many Druidical remains on the island, cromlechs and other enigmatical masses of stone which the old hierarchy of the woods has left unexplained, and it was in Anglesey that Suetonius burned the last of the Druids in their own altar fires.

A few miles from Holyhead we pass within a short distance of Aberffraw, the seat of the native princes of Wales, and thus the Wild Irishman completes its course, and lands us at the gangway of the channel steamer.

It is then that we discover what an empty, noiseless, little place Holyhead is. It is the nearest port to Ireland, and that is, and always has been, the reason of its existence.—W. H. Rideing, in *Harper's Magazine.*

The average man will manipulate Indian clubs until he is ready to drop from exhaustion and never complain; but if he is obliged to carry a scuttle of coal up two flights of stairs, his family will not hear the last of it for several days. Wherefore is this?

Capt. Stover's Snake Farm.

HE RAISES RATTLERS AND OTHER REPTILES FOR MARKET AND FINDS IT PAYS.

One of the Centre county stock of Stovers has a novel way of making a living, near Galion, Ill. He has a rattlesnake farm and here is a description of it by a newspaper correspondent:

Your correspondent last Sunday visited the celebrated snake farm—"rattlesnake forty"—near this village, owned and managed by Capt. Dan Stover and wife, and assisted by William Dunn, agent at the Illinois Central depot. It might be surmised that the breeding and propagation of rattle snakes and other reptiles was not only dangerous but an unpleasant occupation. However, these poor but honest people have learned that there is money in snakes, and last year they cleared almost enough from their sales to pay the expenses of the family of four.

"Who buy rattlesnakes, and what on earth do they want with them?" you ask. Why, for use in the manufacture of the new cure for rheumatism. A firm in Philadelphia uses the oil in its remedy and pays a good price for every rattlesnake delivered at the laboratory. Mr. Stover has contracted with the firm to furnish them 250 of that species during the present season at $2.25 each, none to measure less than four feet in length, or to be less than six years of age. The older the snake the better and stronger the oil.

Sunday the sun shone out bright and warm, which brought out the snakes in large numbers to bask in the warm rays, and as Mr. Stover said, would be a good day to take a stroll over "rattlesnake forty." Procuring a good stout stick and donning a heavy pair of boots, your correspondent joined Stover and Dunn in the hunt. To show us how easy it is to kill a snake, he picked up a blue racer by the tail, that was lying coiled up in the sunlight, in a half comatose condition, giving it a couple of whirls over his head in a lightning manner he cracked it like a whip, causing its head to part from its body and spin through the air. Proceeding a little further, we came to "the mounds," little raised places on the snake farm, where the snakes burrow in winter and breed in summer.

There are thirty-seven of these mounds on the farm and on the south side of one of the largest of these, where they could get the full benefit of the sun, lay coiled up sound asleep forty-three large rattlesnakes, seven black snakes and numerous other smaller reptiles, not one of which seemed to recognize our presence. Stover and Dunn do not kill off the whole crop yearly, but leave many for breeding purposes.

"Why," said the former, "that mound there contains probably a dozen nests of eggs and each nest at least ten eggs. I have found nests that contained as high as eighteen young rattlers, the largest not over two inches in length. Their eggs are about the size of those of a partridge, but have a soft shell. The farm is a tract of virgin prairie, and has never seen a plough, and Dan says in summer its native grass is very high, rendering it an excellent place for the reptiles to hide in."

Mrs. Stover also had in a box of sawdust under a cook stove twenty-seven rattlesnake eggs, which, she said, would begin to hatch in a few days, after which event the children would be kept busy catching flies to feed the tiny pets.

Stover and Dunn have several pet rattlers around the house, which are as harmless as kittens, made so by their poison sac having been removed from the roofs of their mouths and their fangs clipped with pinchers, all this being done while the snakes were under the influence of chloroform. They have no equal as mice exterminators, and in the summer keep the place free from bugs, flies and bad boys.

Scandals in Public Print.

Some weeks ago a sensational newspaper in Williamsport printed a lot of scandalous matter about people in Bellefonte. The publishers of the paper were warned that the matter was untrue and libelous, and they persisted in the circulation of the paper, and even went to Bellefonte to protect their newsboys in the sale of it on the streets of that town. As a matter of course they were arrested, and pleading guilty, within forty-eight hours one was in jail under what was regarded as a heavy sentence of imprisonment and fine. Sentence in the case of the other was deferred owing to sickness in his family.

This summary action of the Court at Bellefonte was regarded as a great outrage by many people in Williamsport. The other newspapers of the city, which are themselves reputable and always free from scandalous publications, unite in denouncing the Court and criticising the railroad haste and the severity with which punishment was inflicted. Petitions for the pardon of the publishers have been circulated, not only in that part of the State, but in Philadelphia and elsewhere, and the greatest interest is shown on the part of a large number of estimable people in getting them released from the sentence imposed. It is contended that they were neither old enough nor experienced enough to understand the responsibility which they assumed in employing disreputable methods to create a sensation.

Unfortunately, while all this is in progress Williamsport itself becomes the victim of a sensational and scandalous publication in Elmira. The character of a young girl in the high school has been anonymously attacked, and in such way as to involve the reputation of the entire school. It has naturally and justly aroused the indignation of the whole city, and if the writer of the disputable articles in the Elmira paper can be identified it will probably go as hard with him in the Williamsport Court as it did with the Williamsport publishers in the Bellefonte Court. Certainly no one in that city doubts that there should be prompt and adequate punishment inflicted for the outrage.

These experiences are very unpleasant, but they serve to define the line between decent and indecent journalism with people otherwise slow to learn. There is no justification for the publication of nasty scandals, whether true or false. It is not done by reputable newspapers, and the sensational papers which still indulge in such things are not worthy a place in any respectable community. Fortunately, they are few, generally unsuccessful, and growing less in number each year.—*Ex.*

Among the curiosities of the Charleston earthquake was the sinking of a piece of land about eight feet square, on which was growing a large peach tree which was about sixteen feet high. It went down perfectly perpendicular, and the top branches were left just even with the surface.

The Country School, and the Farmer's Boy.

The country school is preeminently the farmer's school. In it the great majority of the farmers of to-day received their education, and in it the great majority of those of the next generation will receive the whole of their schooling.

Is the country school doing what it should for the farmer's boy? Is it giving to the boy who will remain on the farm that kind of an education which will be the best preparation for life's work?

What is an education for? Why should a boy spend so much time in the school-room? The purpose of a boy's education is to fit him for his work, whatever that may be. The education given in a country school ought then to fit the boy to be a successful farmer, for that is to be the profession of most country school-boys.

What education does the farmer's profession demand? The ability to read, write and understand the English language and to make readily all the ordinary numerical calculations connected with his business—this is all, some say, that a farmer needs, and this is practically all that many of the schools supply. But is this enough? Shall we set the standard of education for the farmer at the very lowest notch? Shall we in this way say that the poorest education is sufficient for the farmer? We certainly do not think that farming is the occupation for which the poorest education is sufficient. Give the boy opportunity to become acquainted with the things around him. Put the study of soils, plants, animals, etc., into your schools. Ask your school teachers to give instruction of this kind. Demand of them that they know enough to give instruction *in the right way.* If you will demand only the best of teachers for your children, you can have these things taught to them; but if you are willing to take, year by year, the young and poorly prepared teachers the work will not and cannot be done. You will have to pay roundly for such efficient teachers; but will it not be the best economy in the long run, for are they not to instruct your children for their whole life's work?—*American Agriculturist.*

Sweden's Forests.

THE MOST IMPORTANT FACTOR IN THE EXPORT TRADE OF THE KINGDOM.

The forests of Sweden, according to the Government statistics (1884), cover an area of seventy thousand square miles. At least a third of these vast forests are situated in some of the extreme northern provinces. From these provinces alone, over fifty millions of cubic feet of sawn and hewn timber, chiefly fir and spruce, were exported; whilst the exports from one province alone amounted to a fifth of the whole country, and eight per cent. of the total exports of all kinds. It is aslo stated that the total wood exports, including all kinds of manufactured goods, was forty-three and a half per cent. of the value of all exports. Further on are given some interesting statistics of the aggregate value of the exports of the various kinds of wood goods, namely, deals and boards, four million one hundred thousand pounds; balks and spars, three hundred and eighty thousand pounds; beams and masts, two hundred and sixty thousand pounds; pit-props, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds; manufactured goods, flooring, door and window frames, moldings, two hundred thousand pounds, wood pulp, sixty-five thousand pounds. Besides all this, stone is exported for building purposes amounting to seventy thousand pounds, and even bricks, five thousand pounds.

This latter is an unexpected item, as most countries are ready enough to make their own bricks. An immense order was lately given in Paris for seventy thousand meters of Swedish pine deals, in stated lengths, for the purposes of wooden pavements. The cost will be much less than if the wood was procured in France, as no agents are employed save one, an engineer, who has been sent to Sweden with full powers to select and purchase.—*Chamber's Journal.*

An Indian Fakir.

Talking of "sleeping men," I was one day on my way to Dholpurn, near Agra, and when halting to rest our horse heard casually of a "Jogi" of some local celebrity who was in a neighboring tope of mango trees. I walked over to the sacred shade, and there, standing upright against a pillar of rough masonry, was a fakir. Like all these saintly personages, he was extremely dirty. His hair, worked up into rope ends with grease and dust, hung nearly to his waist; his body, stark naked, was painted with a gray pigment; but, to exaggerate the skeleton idea, the ribs, chest bones and ankles were "picked out" in yellow ochre. One eye was wide open; over the other drooped a paralyzed eyelid. The mouth was wide open, and out of a corner were sprouting several blades of corn. His hands were clinched and his nails, I was told, were growing through the palms of his hands. He had been, moreover—I am still only quoting what was said—in the "trance" in which I saw him for two months. In spite of all that I have read and heard about these ecstatic Jogis, I ventured to be sceptical. But I offered an oblation of copper coins at the holy man's shrine, round which, in pious assemblage, stood a quantity of other offerings in kind—"little dues of wheat and oil." He may have been an imposter, but it struck me as a very dreary form of imposition indeed. All alone there, under the dusty trees, with the shrilling of the kites in one's ears all day long and at night the dismal company of ribald jackals.—*London Society.*

Missing Links.

The most difficult thing in life is to know yourself.

The feather sellers' goods are always marked "down."

The language the telephone speaks is broken English.

The man who is right is in little danger of being left.

Heresy does not do half the mischief that heresay does.

How Luxuries Vary in Cost.

A countryman stopped in front of a store on Fourteenth street, attracted by a line of baby carriages. "How much might one of them be?" he said to a clerk. "The cheapest is fifteen dollars, sir." "Fifteen dollars!" he exclaimed. "Why, great Scott, mister, it only cost me two dollars to get married."—*New York Sun.*

Turkeys and guineas should not be allowed to roost on the tree tops, or the result will be roup, which is contagious, all the fowls of the barn yard being subject to it.

Farm Notes.

Handle a hog properly and it will prove one of the most profitable animals on the farm.

Don't compel your horses to eat musty hay. It will produce fatal lung trouble, and, in any event, heaves.

A common hoe, straightened out by a blacksmith, makes a cheap and excellent implement for chopping roots for stock.

One barn large enough for all is better than several small ones. Have everything under one roof, and have it well insured.

Secretary Goodman, of the Missouri Horticultural Society, says a good toad is worth $10 in a garden as an insect destroyer.

There is no use of a chick or hen having the gapes for 24 hours. A few drops of camphor and water down the throat is a sure cure.

Poultry should have a certain proportion of salt in their food as well as animals, as it is necessary to the promotion of health and thrift.

For wet lands a good mixture for pasturage would be red-top, eight pounds; alsike, six pounds, and rough-stalked meadow grass, six pounds.

Whether prices be up or down, prime mutton sheep are always salable, and at good prices. The markets are never well supplied with choice mutton.

Farm implements, when occasionally brushed over with crude petroleum, will last longer and be protected from changes of weather when exposed.

Mulching to be of benefit must be a protection. It is not to entirely prevent the ground freezing, but to prevent sudden changes of freezing and thawing.

If a farmer will take care not to purchase what he cannot use or has little need for, he will soon learn that it is poor economy for him to buy anything but the best.

The farmer who does not fence in his stock when living along the line of a railroad, not only runs the risk of losing valuable animals, but endangers the lives of travelers.

An Ohio fruit-grower says he finds raspberries not an expensive crop to raise, but that they require a great deal of vexatious and tedious labor. He netted $126 from an acre of blackcaps in one season.

Sheep require careful watching, for if they get into trouble of any sort, as getting down in gullies or fastened in between two logs or fence rails, they become so frightened or discouraged that they succumb at once and die.

War on the Cigarette.

There is a promise of lively times ahead at the University of Pennsylvania, where Dr. J. William White, Professor of Physical Education, has declared war on the cigarette. Several years ago the Faculty of the University issued a proclamation forbidding the use of tobacco by students within the college grounds, and notices containing the decision of the Faculty were placarded about the buildings and grounds. The rule in a very short time became a dead letter, being neither enforced by the Professors nor observed by the students, who lately have been so inconsiderate as to light their perennial cigarettes in the vestibule of the college building and smoke them in the gymnasiums. Professor White, who deprecates the smoking of cigarettes, has determined to banish the offensive habit from the gymnasium at any cost. He will be sustained in his warfare on the weed by the whole faculty, who on their part will see that the rule is observed in and about the college generally. A struggle is expected, as the habit of smoking cigarettes has taken so strong a hold on the majority of the students that a rebellion against the law will not surprise the dons. Professor White intimates that the war will be to the knife, and he intends that it shall end in the rout of the obnoxious cigarette.—*Philadelphia Record.*

2213 Hope St, Phil'a, Pa, Oct. 12, '86. Mr. T. S. Page, 41 West 31st St., New York City:

Dear Sir:—It is now one year since I wrote you your medicine had cured me of deafness. I am satisfied the cure in my case is permanent, but waited this length of time to fully test it. My deafness was one of many years, with no apparent cause, and for the past six or seven years I was completely deaf. During all that time the various noises in my ears were enough to craze me. The change at first was slow, but the noises gradually ceased. During the fourth month I began to hear sounds I had not heard for years, and thereafter a continual increase of hearing from week to week, until I could hear ordinary tone of conversation. At the end of six months I considered I was completely cured. Can now hear as well as any one of my friends. I need not tell you how delighted I am, and it is with the deepest gratitude I now write of this fact. I most earnestly wish I could make you known to all persons afflicted with deafness. Wherever I do see one I tell them of you, the good you can do, and have done for me. I send you this statement with permission to publish it, if by so doing it can be the means of doing good to others who may be so unfortunate.

Respectfully, Mrs. M. Tournay.

A GREAT BATTLE is continually going on in the human system. The demon of impure blood strives to gain victory over the constitution, to ruin health, to drag victims to the grave. A good reliable medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla is the weapon with which to defend one's self, drive the desperate enemy from the field, and restore peace and bodily health for many years. Try this peculiar medicine.

A HANDSOME WEDDING, BIRTHDAY OR HOLIDAY PRESENT.
THE WONDERFUL
LUBURG CHAIR
Combining a Parlor, Library, Smoking, Reclining or Invalid CHAIR, LOUNGE, BED, or COUCH.

OVER 50 Changes.
Price $7.00 and up. Send stamp for Catalogue. SHIPPED to all parts of the world.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES
All furnished with the Automatic Coach Brake, and Retailed at our Wholesale Prices. Send stamp for Catalogue and mention carriages.
THE LUBURG MANF'G CO., 145 N. 8th St., Philada., Pa.
October 22 86 3yrs.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.
The Centaur Company, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.
nov19,1887

KASKINE.
(THE NEW QUININE.)

Science emerging from Darkness.
NO BAD EFFECT.
NO HEADACHE.
NO NAUSEA.
No RINGING EARS
CURES QUICKLY.
PLEASANT, PURE.
A POWERFUL TONIC
that the most delicate stomach will bear.
A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, and all Germ Diseases.
FOR COLDS KASKINE HAS BEEN FOUND TO BE ALMOST A SPECIFIC. Superior to quinine.
Mr. F. A. Miller, 630 East 157th street, New York, was cured by Kaskine of extreme malarial prostration after seven years suffering. He had run down from 175 pounds to 97, began on Kaskine in June, 1886, went to work in one month, regained his full weight in six months. Quinine did him no good whatever.
Mr. Charles Baxter, architect, 133 East 126th St., New York, was cured by Kaskine of dumb ague in three months after quinine treatment for ten years.
Mrs. J. Lawson, 141 Bergen street, Brooklyn, was cured of malaria and nervous dyspepsia of many years standing by Kaskine, the quinine treatment having wholly failed.
Mrs. T. A. Solomons, of 159 Halliday St., Jersey City, writes: My son Harry, 11 years, was cured of malaria by Kaskine, after 15 months' illness, when we had given up all hope.
Letters from the above persons, giving full details, will be sent on application.
Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. $1.00 per bottle.
Sold by MOYER BROS., Bloomsburg, Pa., or sent by mail on receipt of price.
THE KASKINE CO., 54 Warren St., New York
nov26.5d1y.

DEAFNESS its causes and a new and successful CURE at your own home, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the noted specialists without benefit. *Cured himself* in 3 months and since then hundreds of others. Full particulars sent on application. T. S. PAGE, No. 41 West 31st St., New York City. may27d4t.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

the popular favorite for dressing the hair, Restoring color when gray, and preventing Dandruff. It cleanses the scalp, stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.
HINDERCORNS.
The safest, surest and best cure for Corns, Bunions, &c. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. Never fails to cure. 15 cents at Druggists. Hiscox & Co., N. Y.
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THE HOUSEHOLD
DISINFECTANT
An odorless, colorless liquid, powerful, efficient and cheap. Immediately destroys all bad odors, purifies every impure spot and chemically neutralizes all infectious and disease-producing matter.
INVALUABLE in the sick room. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Quart bottles 50 cents.
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EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda
Almost as Palatable as Milk.
The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.
AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANAEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.
Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
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For General Family use they are Vastly Superior to ALL other kinds.
THE FAMOUS HOP PLASTERS
Clean, fragrant, curative and highly medicinal, prepared from Fresh Hops, Balsams, Extracts and Gums, spread on white muslin.
They restore and vitalize weak parts, subdue inflammation and instantly banish pain whether in the Back, Side, Hip, Leg, Kidneys, Joints, Shoulder, Chest, Breast, Stomach or Muscles. Powerfully soothing, pain allaying and strengthening. *The best plaster on earth* is the verdict of thousands. Mailed for price by proprietors, Hop Plaster Company, Boston, Mass.
Swindlers abroad! This plaster is spread on white muslin, ready for instant use. HOP PLASTER CO., signature on every plaster.
nov 26 86.1y

"London Hearing Horn."

Send for Price to
Wm. E. Warner,
Dealer in Surgical Instruments, Trusses, Batteries, Crutches, &c.
COAL EXCHANGE BUILDING, SCRANTON, PA.
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Positive Cure
IS WORTH
$1000
TO ANY MAN, Woman or Child suffering from CATARRH.
Not a Liquid or Snuff.

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ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN HEAD CATARRH ROSE-COLD HAY FEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE EASY TO USE PRICE 50 CENTS ELY BRO'S OWEGO N.Y. U.S.A.
HAY-FEVER
A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. Circulars free. ELY BROS., Druggists, Owego, N. Y. may27d4t.

HIRES' IMPROVED ROOT BEER.
Package, 25 cents, makes 5 gallons of a delicious, sparkling, temperance beverage. Strengthens and purifies the blood, its purity and delicacy commend it to all. Sold by all druggists and storekeepers 27may4td.

WANTED LADIES and GENTLEMEN who wish steady employment to take nice light work at your home and make easily from $ .00 to $3.00 a day. You should address with stamp CROWN M'F'G Co., 294 Vine St., Cincinnati, O. may27d4t.

IT STOPS THE PAIN IN ONE MINUTE.

Aching backs, hips, and sides, kidney and uterine pains, weakness and inflammation, rheumatic, neuralgic, sciatic, sudden, sharp and nervous pains and strains relieved in one minute by that new, elegant and infallible antidote to pain and inflammation, the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. 25 cents; 5 for $1; at all druggists or POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston.
may27d4t.

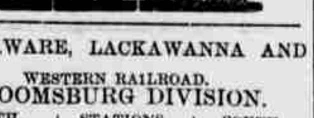

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In Tarrant's Seltzer you behold
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For Constipation will depart,
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WEAKNESS, &c., and all disorders brought on by indiscretions, excesses or overwork of the brain and nervous system, speedily and radically cured by
WINCHESTER'S SPECIFIC PILL
a purely vegetable preparation, the most successful remedy known. Send for circular. Price $1 per box; six boxes, $5, by mail. WINCHESTER & CO., Chemists, 162 William St., New York. [m13d.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE



DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH. p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	STATIONS.	SOUTH. a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
9 00	12 30	8 30	Scranton	6 10	9 15	2 05
8 54	12 26	8 26	Bellevue	6 15	9 20	2 10
8 48	12 22	8 22	Taylorville	6 20	9 26	2 15
8 40	12 15	8 16	Lackawanna	6 27	9 34	2 22
8 33	12 08	8 10	Pittston	6 34	9 41	2 30
8 27	12 03	8 03	West Pittston	6 40	9 47	2 36
8 22	11 58	7 58	Wyoming	6 45	9 52	2 41
8 17	11 54	7 54	Maltby	6 49	9 56	2 44
8 12	11 50	7 50	Bennett	6 53	10 00	2 47
8 08	11 47	7 47	Kingston	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 08	11 47	7 47	Kingston	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 03	11 42	7 42	Plymouth June	7 02	10 10	2 55
7 59	11 38	7 38	Plymouth	7 07	10 15	3 00
7 54	11 34	7 34	Avondale	7 12	10 20	3 05
7 50	11 30	7 30	Nanticoke	7 15	10 25	3 10
7 43	11 23	7 23	Hunlock's Creek	7 23	10 32	3 27
7 30	11 12	7 12	Shickshinny	7 37	10 44	3 39
7 18	11 00	7 00	Hick's Ferry	7 50	11 11	3 52
7 11	10 54	6 54	Beach Haven	7 57	11 06	3 58
7 05	10 47	6 47	Berwick	8 04	11 13	4 12
6 58	10 41	6 41	Briar Creek	8 10	11 20	4 05
6 54	10 38	6 38	Willow Grove	8 14	11 25	4 16
6 50	10 34	6 34	Lime Ridge	8 18	11 29	4 20
6 42	10 27	6 27	Espy	8 25	11 36	4 27
6 36	10 21	6 21	Bloomsburg	8 30	11 44	4 34
6 30	10 16	6 16	Rupert	8 36	11 50	4 40
6 25	10 11	6 11	Catawi'a Bridge	8 41	11 55	4 46
6 08	9 56	5 56	Danville	8 58	12 13	5 04
6 00	9 49	5 49	Chulasky	9 05	12 20	5 12
5 55	9 45	5 45	Cameron	9 08	12 25	5 17
5 40	9 32	5 32	Northumberland	9 25	12 40	5 35
p.m.	am.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.
Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 182

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect May 22, 1887. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 3.10 p. m.; Washington, 5.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.43 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 7.45 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.45 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.10 a. m. Baltimore, 4.55 a. m.; Washington 6.05 a. m.; Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run; on this train from Williamsp't to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m. New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia. Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.53—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

12.52 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Williamsport.

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.30 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.20 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.53 a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 12.52 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.30 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.25 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.10 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 9.55 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.46 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.15 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.26 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.55 p. m.

Wilkes-Barre accom. leaves Sunbury 3 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 3.51; Wilkes-Barre, 5.00 p. m.

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.25 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 11.54 a. m., Sunbury 12.45 p. m.

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.50 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.19 p. m., Sunbury 5.10p. m.

Catawissa accom. leaves Nescopeck 5.00 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 5.27 p. m.; Sunbury, 6.25 p. m.

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.16 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11.45 a.m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 6.39 p. m., Sunbury, 7.30 p. m.

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